# Forum IPCC Fourth Assessment Report

# **Observed and Future Climate Change**

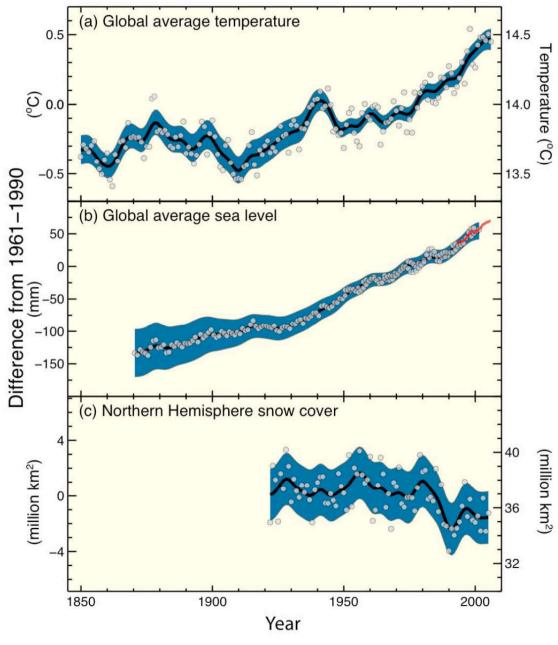
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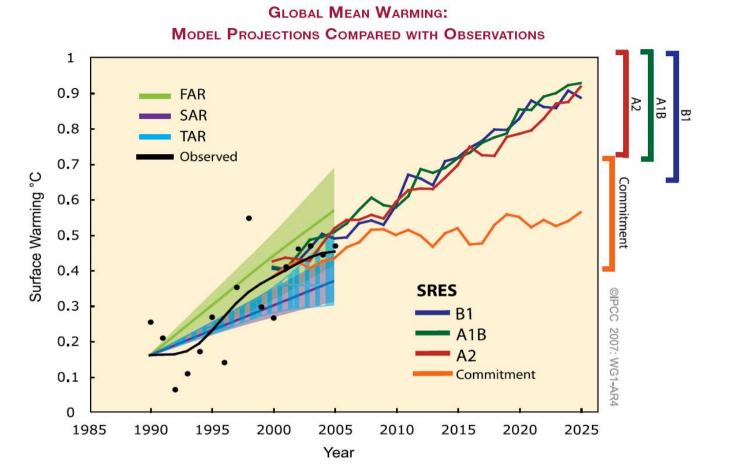






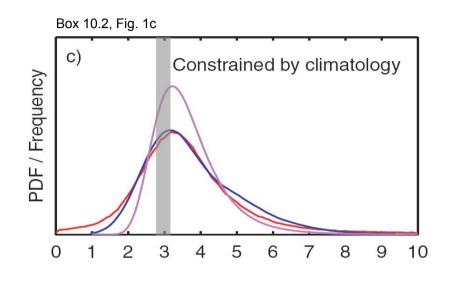
Warming in the climate system is unequivocal, ...

(IPCC, 2007, Fig. SPM-3)



Previous IPCC projections of future climate changes can now be compared to recent observations, increasing confidence in short-term projections and the underlying physical understanding [...].

#### Equilibrium Climate Sensitivity: New Information in AR4



- PDFs can be determined
- low bound is well constrained
- a best estimate can be given

Equilibrium Climate Sensitivity range:

**TAR** 

1.5 to 4.5°C

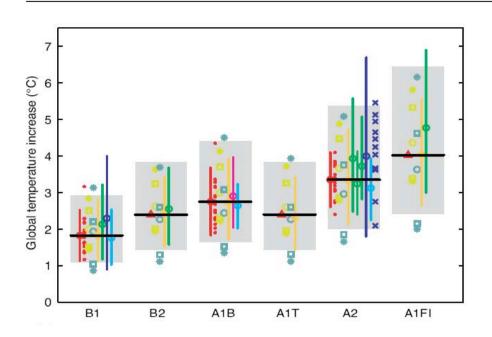
AR4

*likely* range: 2.0 to 4.5°C

very unlikely <1.5°C

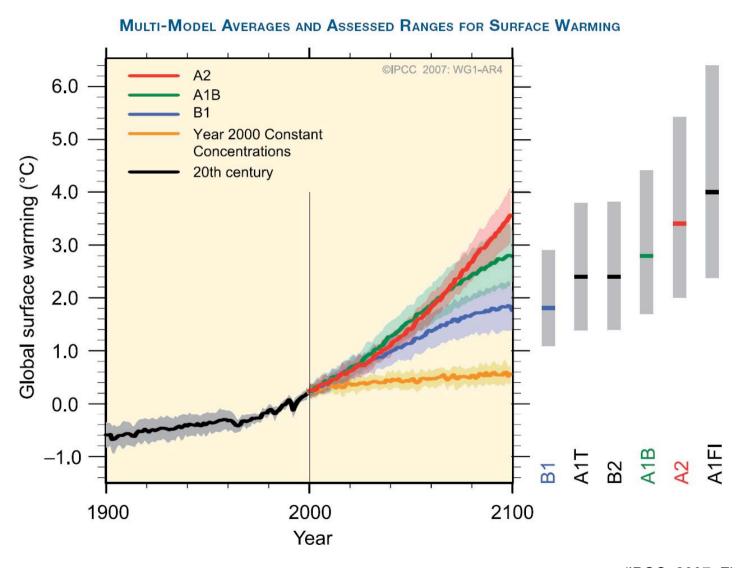
best estimate about 3°C

## Warming in the 21. Century Depends on the Emissions

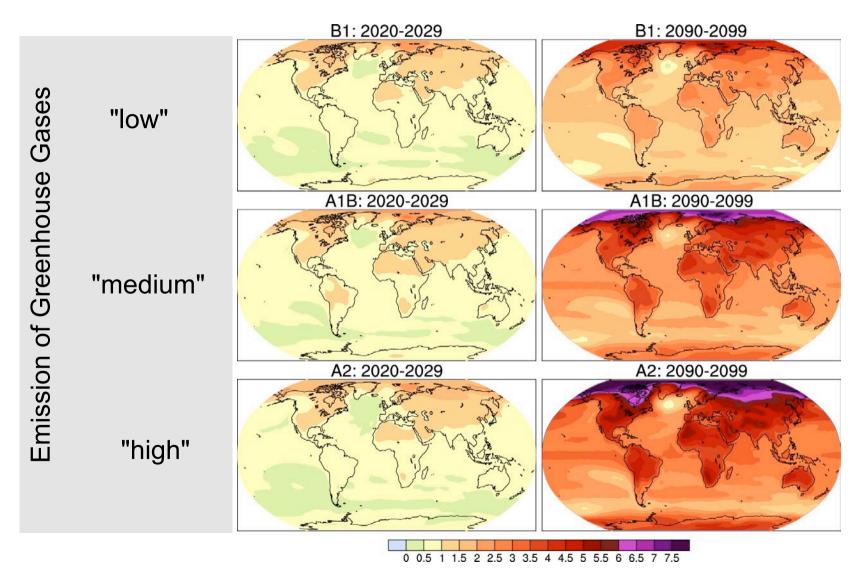


likely ranges of global mean surface temperature change

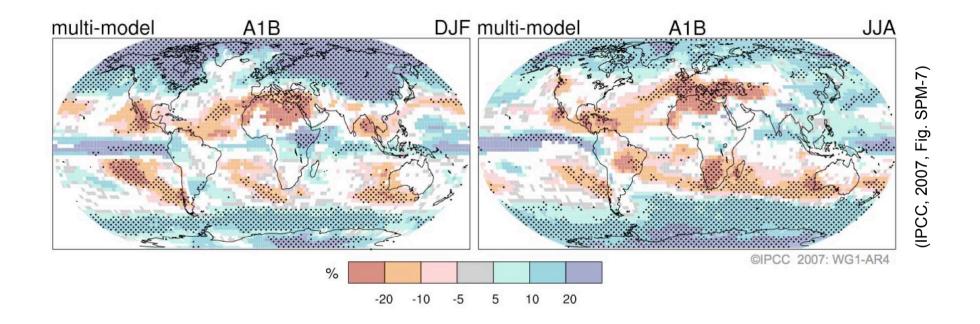
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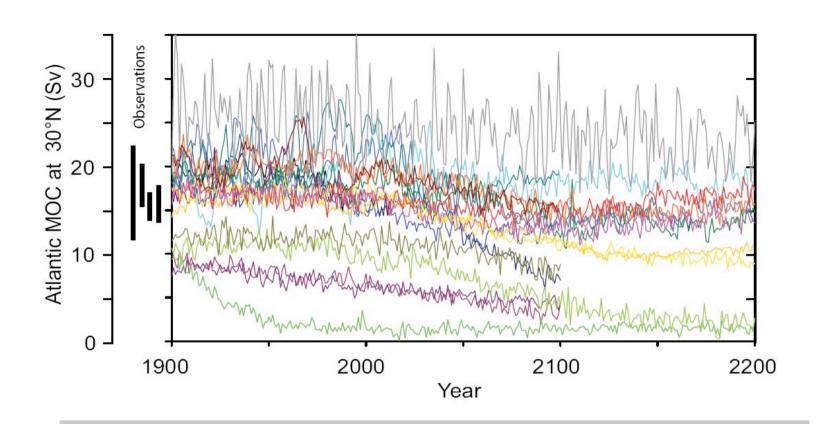


#### Global Precipitation Changes Based on Multi-Model Ensemble

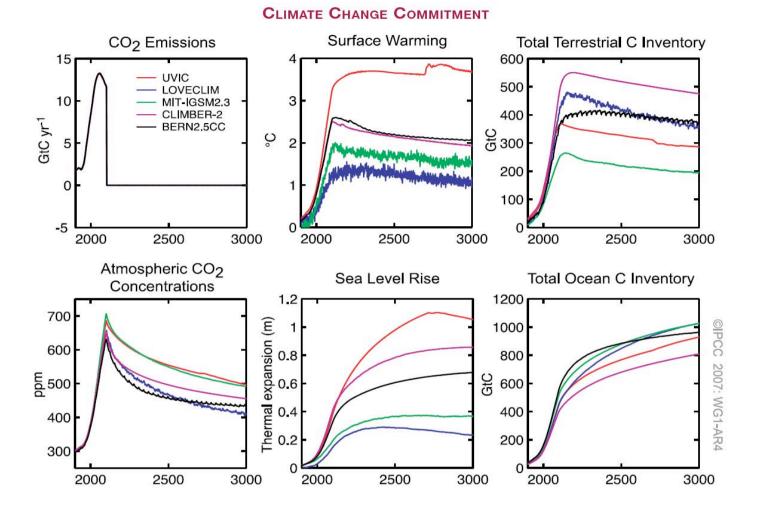


- Precipitation *very likely* increases in the high latitudes
- Precipitation <u>likely</u> decreases in the subtropics.

#### **Atlantic Meridional Overturning Circulation**



- MOC will <u>very likely</u> slow down during the 21st century
- MOC will <u>very unlikely</u> undergo a large abrupt transition



Continued greenhouse gas emissions ... cause further warming and induce many changes ... that would *very likely* be larger than those observed.

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- projections are based on multi-model ensembles
- aspects of the hydrological cycle can now be projected
- climate sensitivity is now better constrained
- EMICs provide information for long-term climate evolution

