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OESCHGER CENTRE
CLIMATE CHANGE RESEARCH

Characterising the current climate: No room for surprises left?

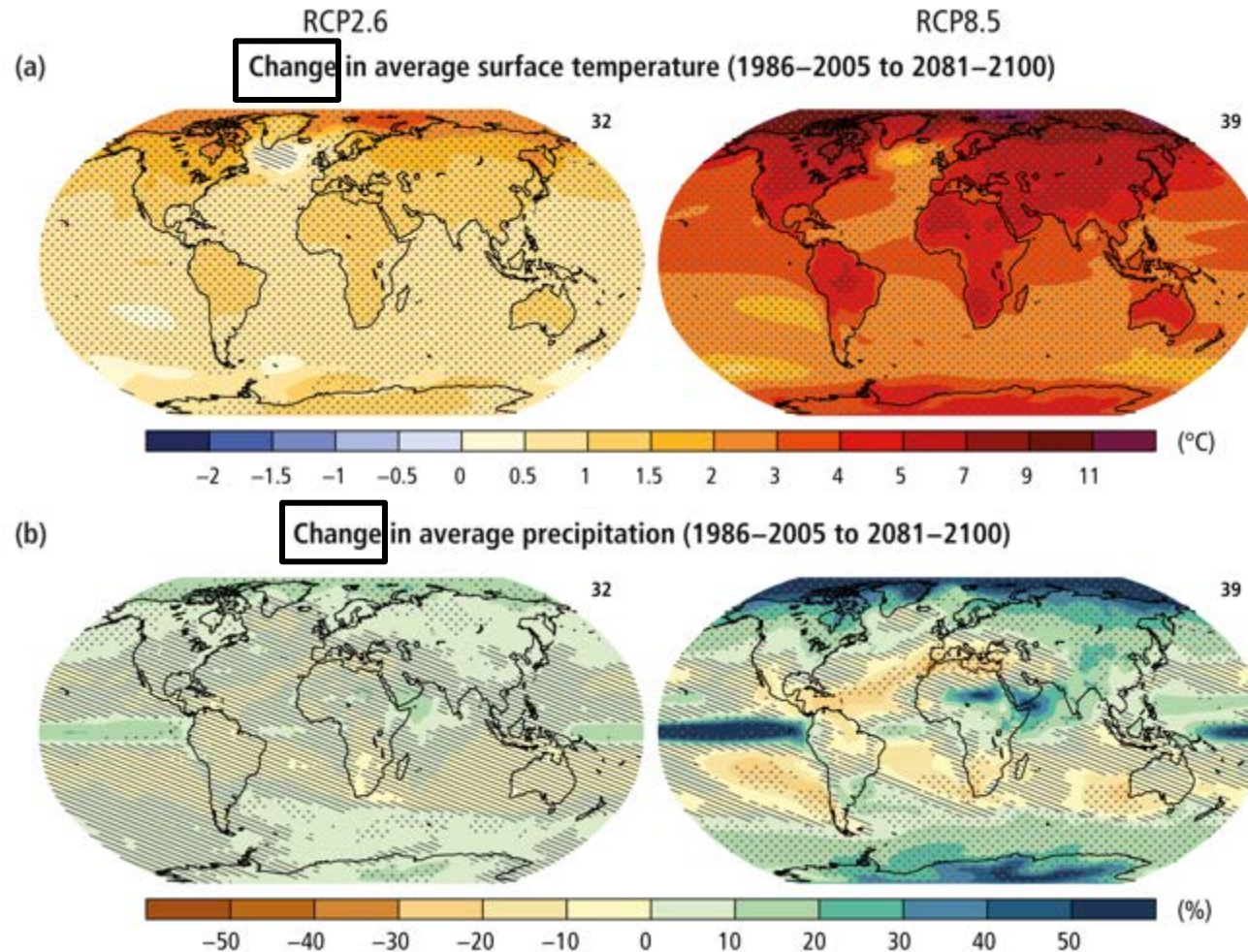
Stefan Brönnimann
Oeschger Centre for Climate Change Research
Institute of Geography
University of Bern

ERA
CLIM2


EUSTACE



Future climate change



Change from what?

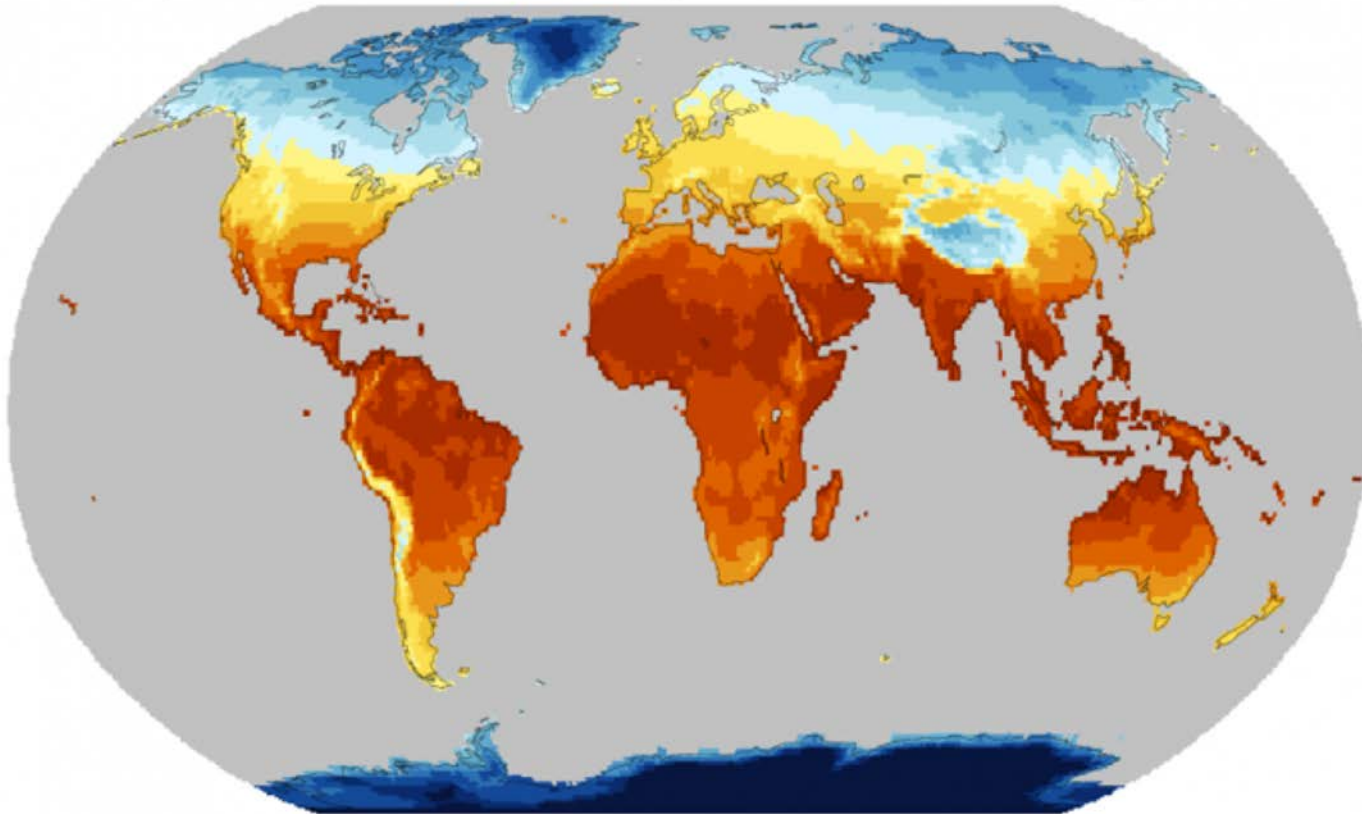


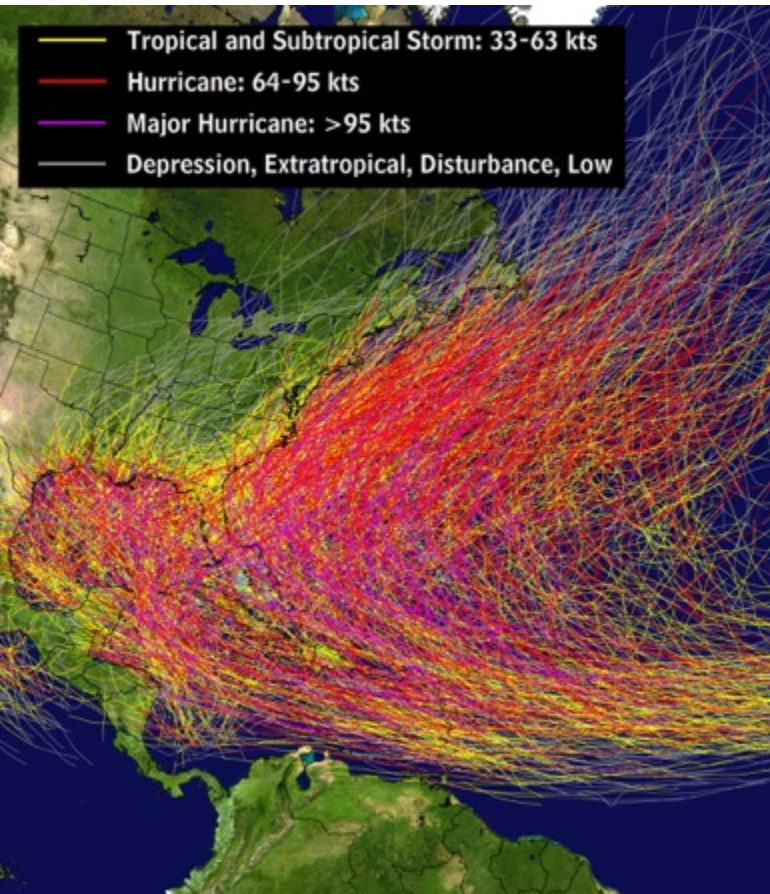
figure credit: National Center for Atmospheric Research, climatedataguide.ucar.edu (D. Schneider)



Are we adapted to the current climate?

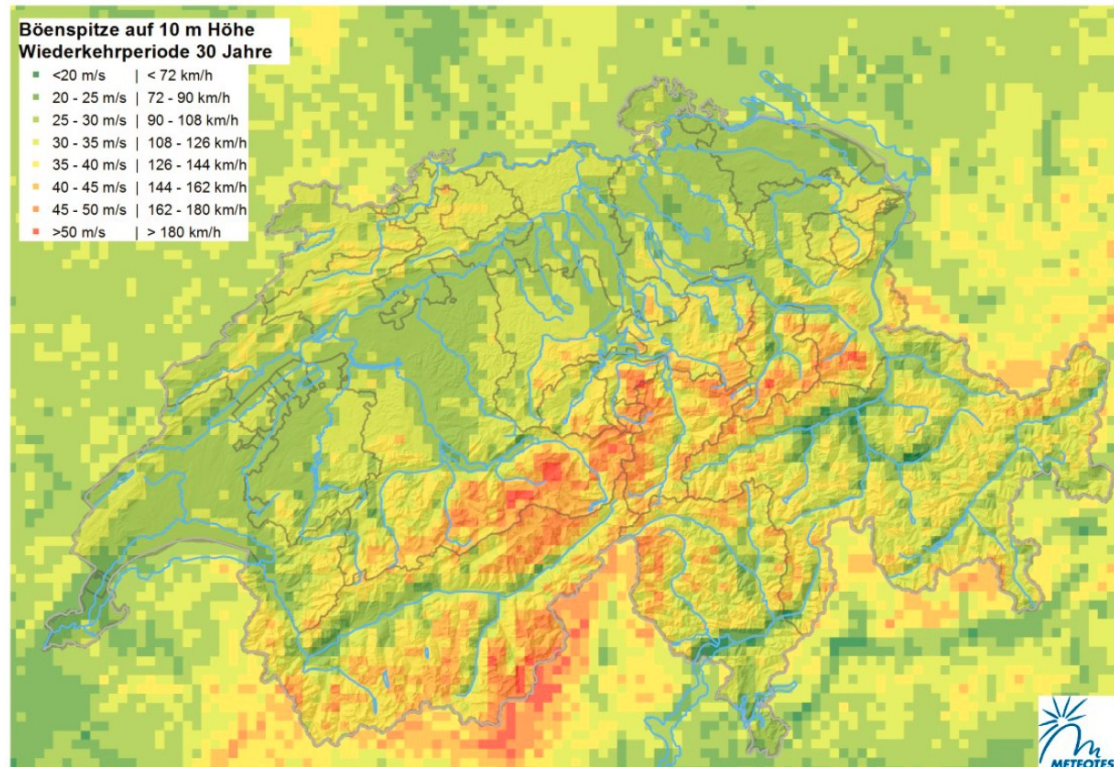


How well do we know return periods?



Böenspitze auf 10 m Höhe
Wiederkehrperiode 30 Jahre

<20 m/s	< 72 km/h
20 - 25 m/s	72 - 90 km/h
25 - 30 m/s	90 - 108 km/h
30 - 35 m/s	108 - 126 km/h
35 - 40 m/s	126 - 144 km/h
40 - 45 m/s	144 - 162 km/h
45 - 50 m/s	162 - 180 km/h
>50 m/s	> 180 km/h



Dierer et al. 2013



Questions

- > So, how well can we characterize current climate?
- > How well can we characterize changes over the instrumental period?
- > How useful are reanalysis data?

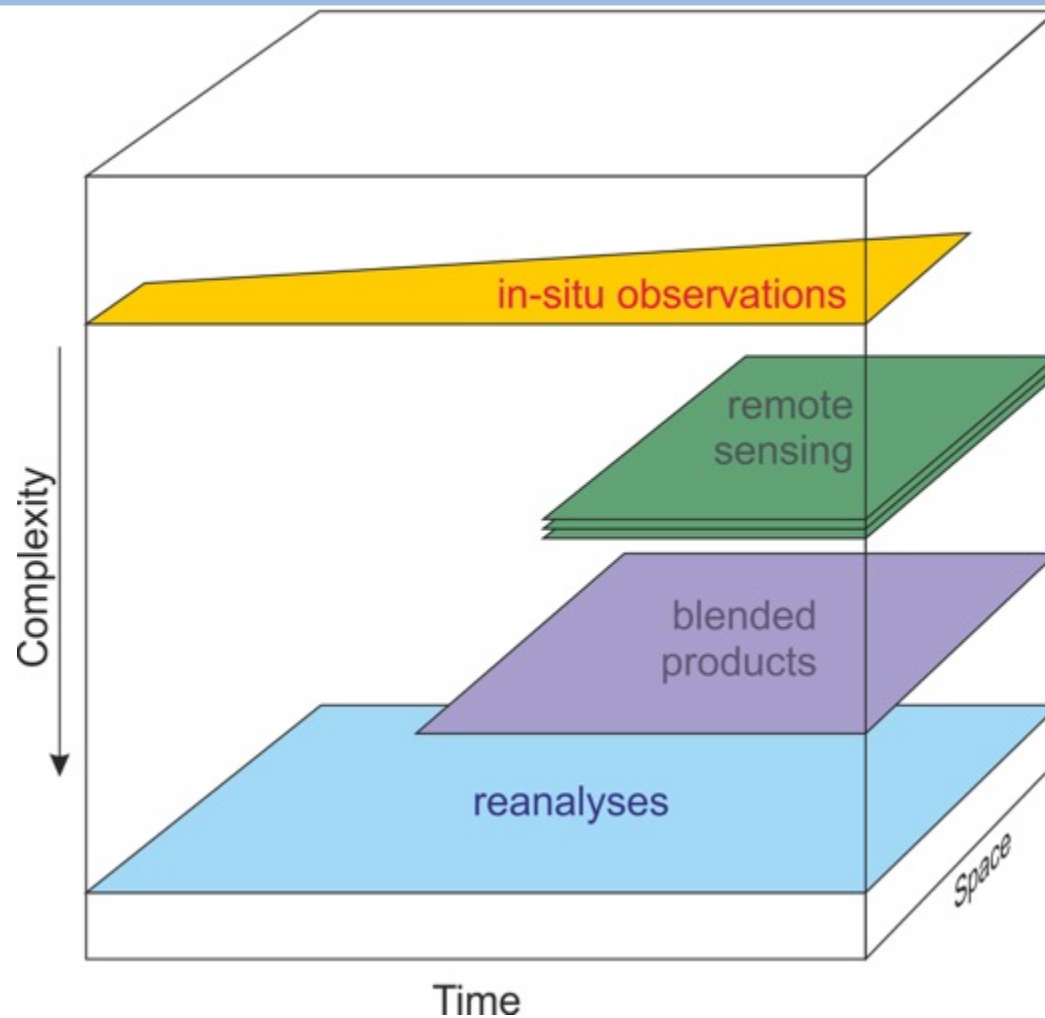


How do we characterise current climate?



[illegible]

How do we characterise current climate?



Reanalysis products

Reanalysis	Observations	Assimilation method	Start year	Resolution at equator
NCEP/NCAR R1	All	Statistical Interpolation	1948	320 km
ERA-40	All	3D-Var	1957	125 km
JRA-25	All	3D-Var	1979	190 km
JRA-55	All	4D-Var	1957	60 km
MERRA	All	Gridpoint Statistical	1979	75 km
ME	<div> Hugely successful Approaching 50,000 citations </div>			5 km
ER				0 km
CFSR	All	3D-Var Spectral Statistical Interpolation	1979	50 km
20CR, Vers. 2c	Air pressure	Ensemble Kalman Filter	1851	320 km
ERA-20C	Air pressure, wind	4D-Var	1900	125 km
CERA-20C	Air pressure, wind, SST	4D-Var, 3D-Var	1901	125 km
ERA5	all	4D-Var	1950	31 km



Temperature

Berkeley

Ann. mean temperature 1951-80

glb. mean: 9.17C

UDEL v3.01

Ann. mean temperature 1951-80

glb. mean: 8.77 degC

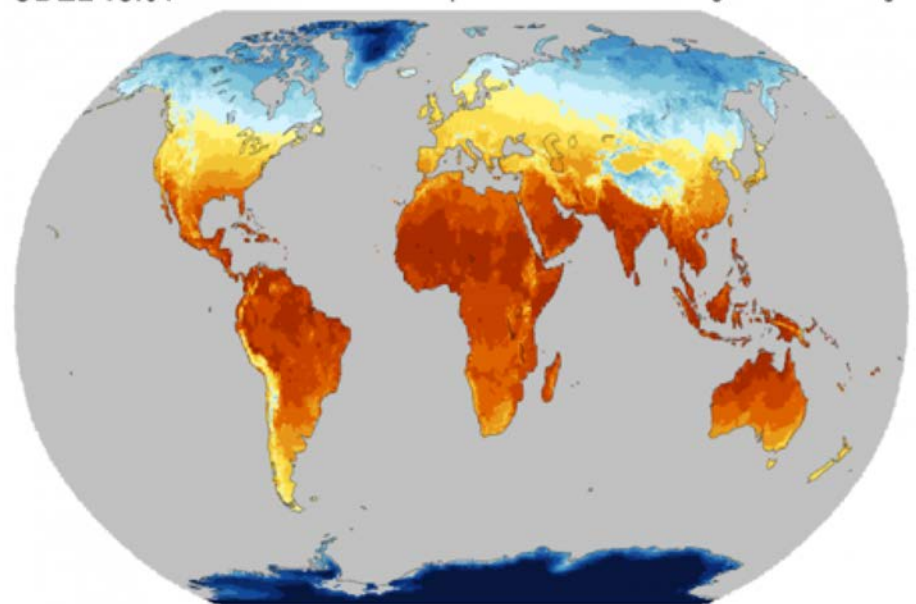
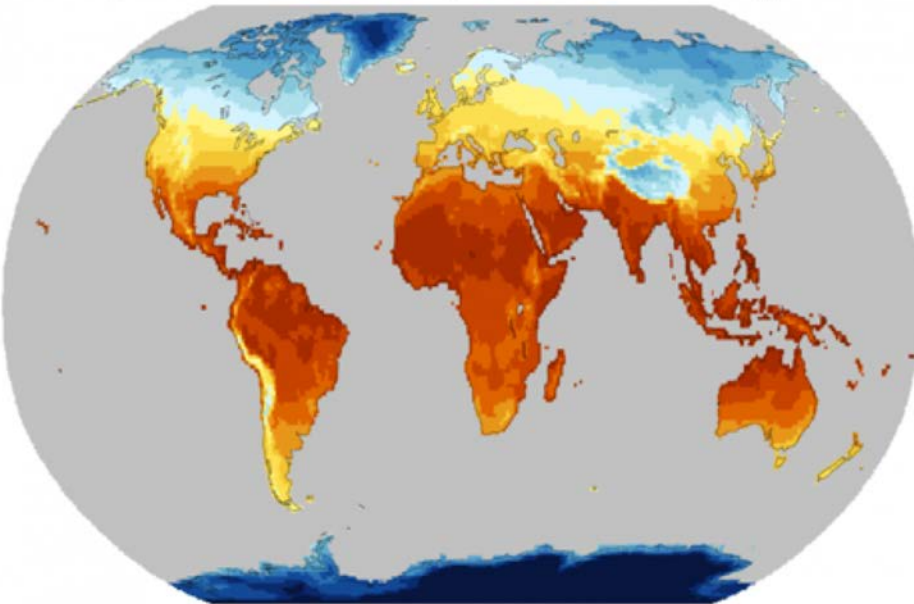


figure credit: National Center for Atmospheric Research, climateataguide.ucar.edu (D. Schneider)

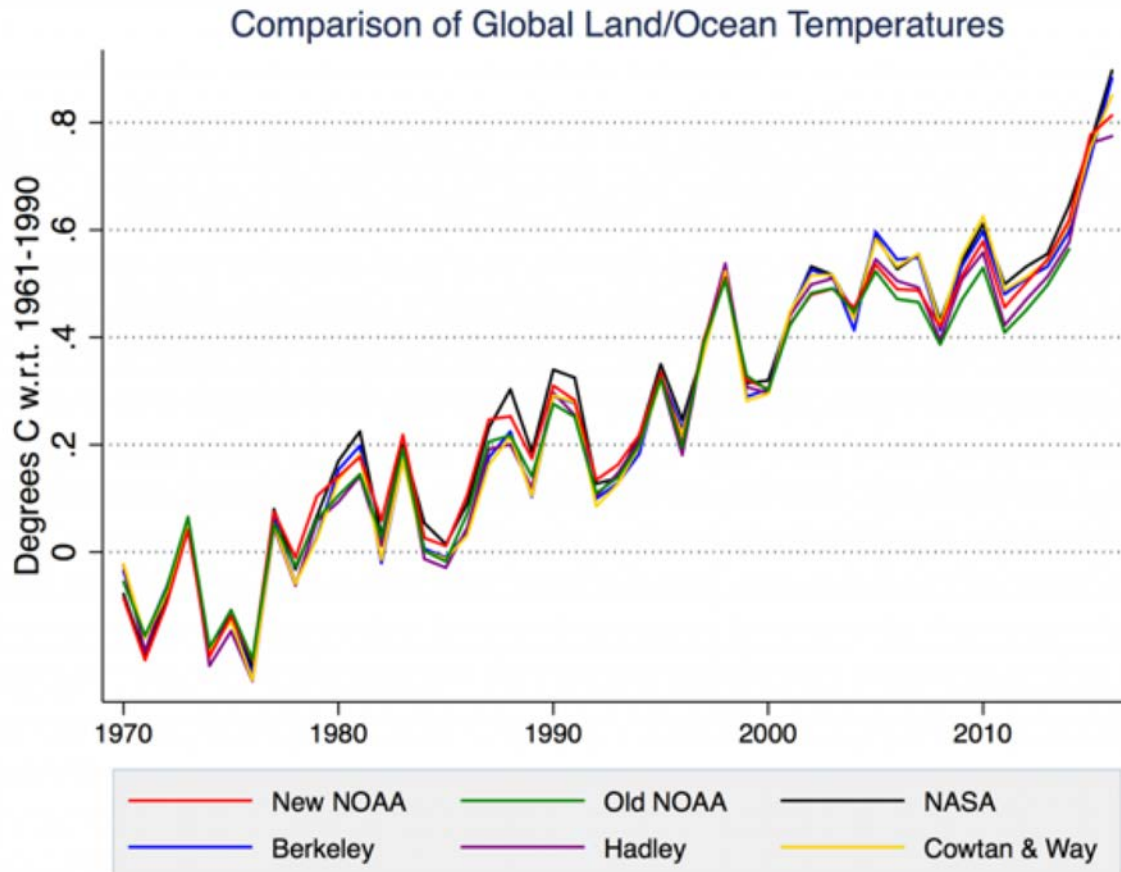


NCAR



Global Mean Temperature: Changes well depicted

> Temperature



Global (land/ocean)
temperature

Zeke Hausfather



Inhomogeneities

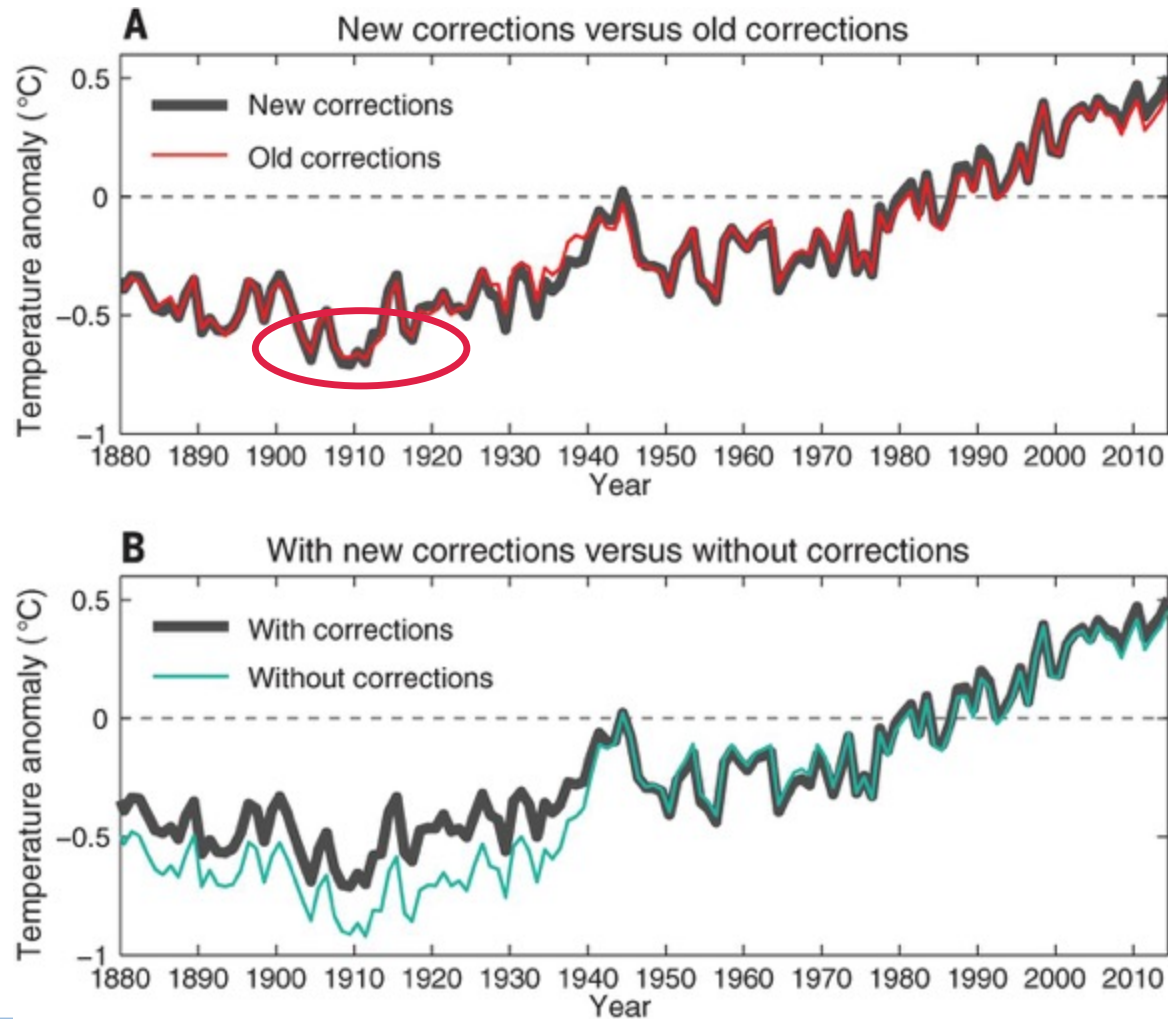
- > Changes in instrument shelters
- > Changes in measurement procedures
- > Changes in locations



(Photos: David Parker)



Quality issues?

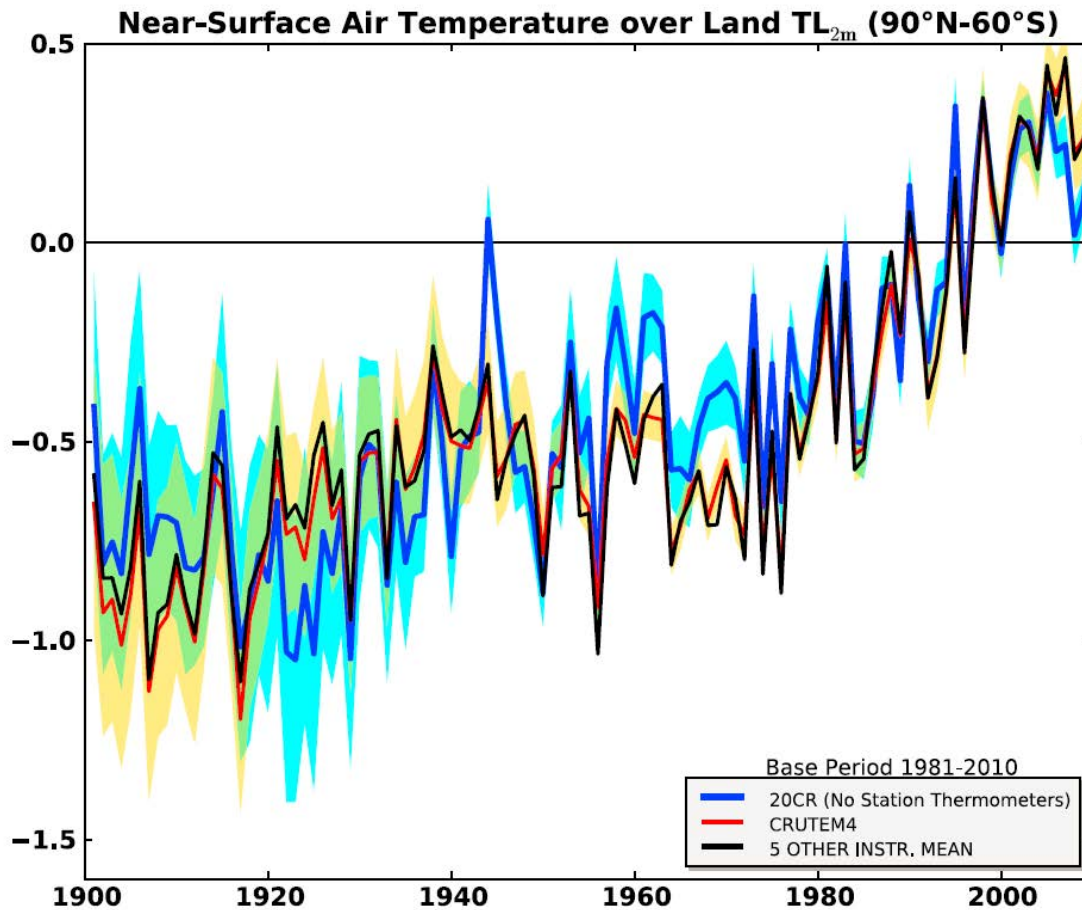


Global (land/ocean)
temperature (Karl et al. 2016)



Surface temperature

- > Surface-only reanalyses reproduce temperature well



Compo et al. 2013

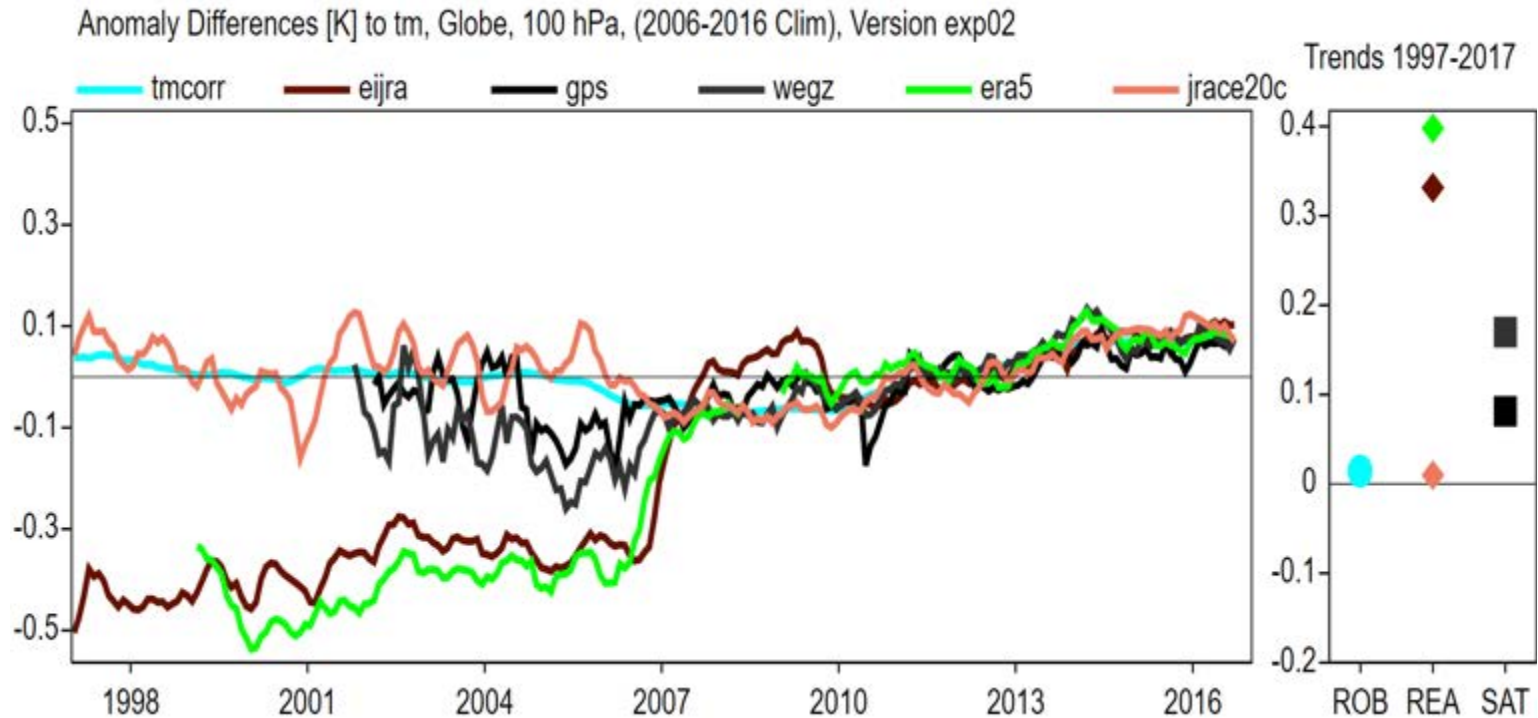


Surface temperature

- > How well can we characterize surface temperature?
Increased understanding of uncertainties, gaps inevitable (e.g. over ice in the past)
- > How well can we characterize temperature changes over the instrumental period?
Good agreement since 1950s (little room for surprises)
- > How well do reanalyses represent surface temperature?
Good agreement since 1950s

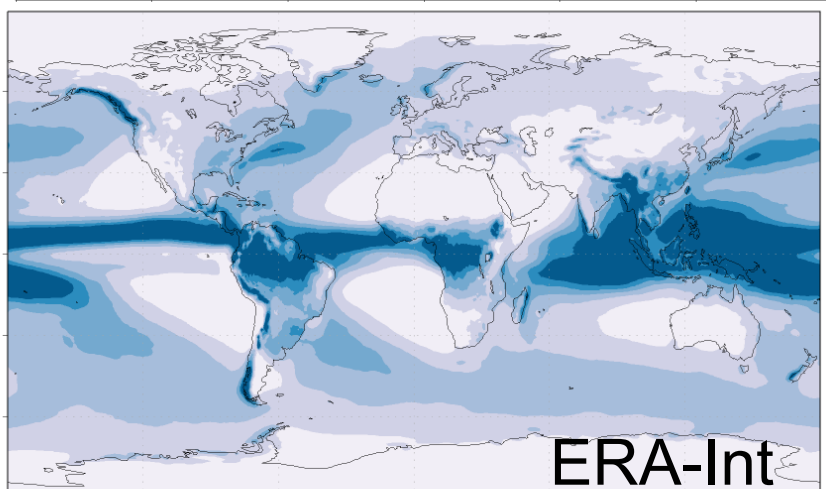
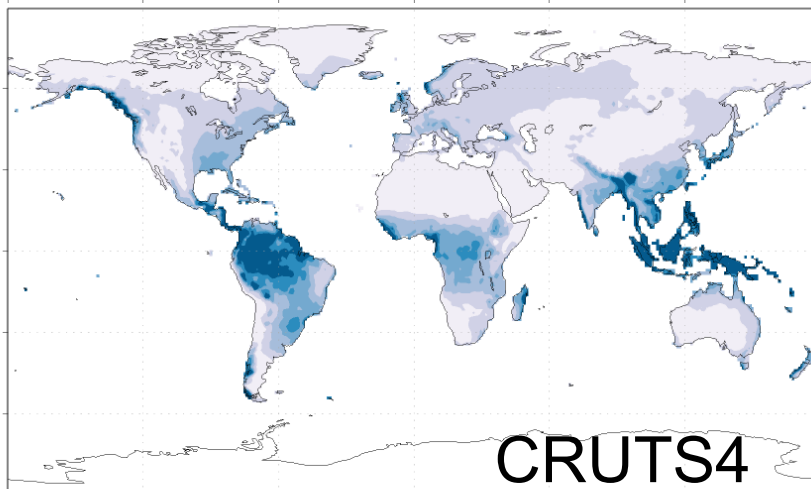
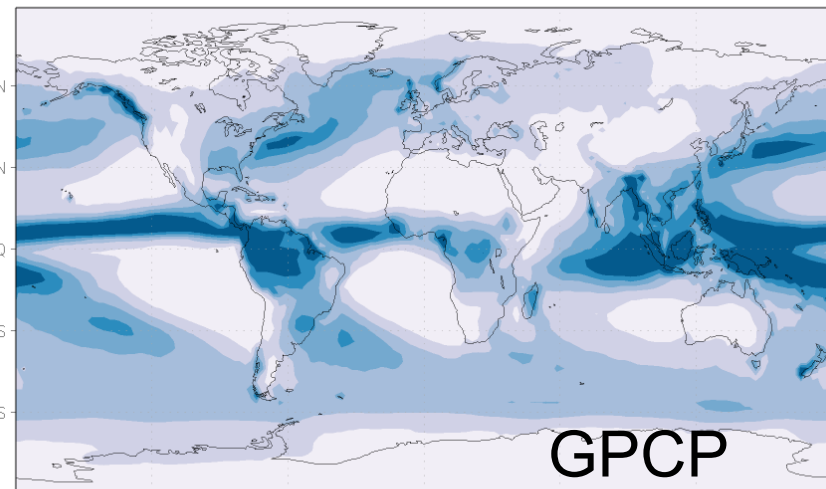
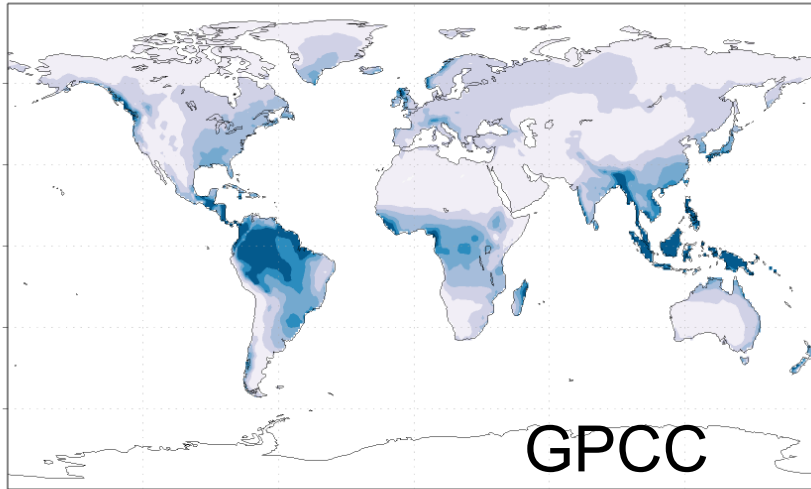


100 hPa temperature



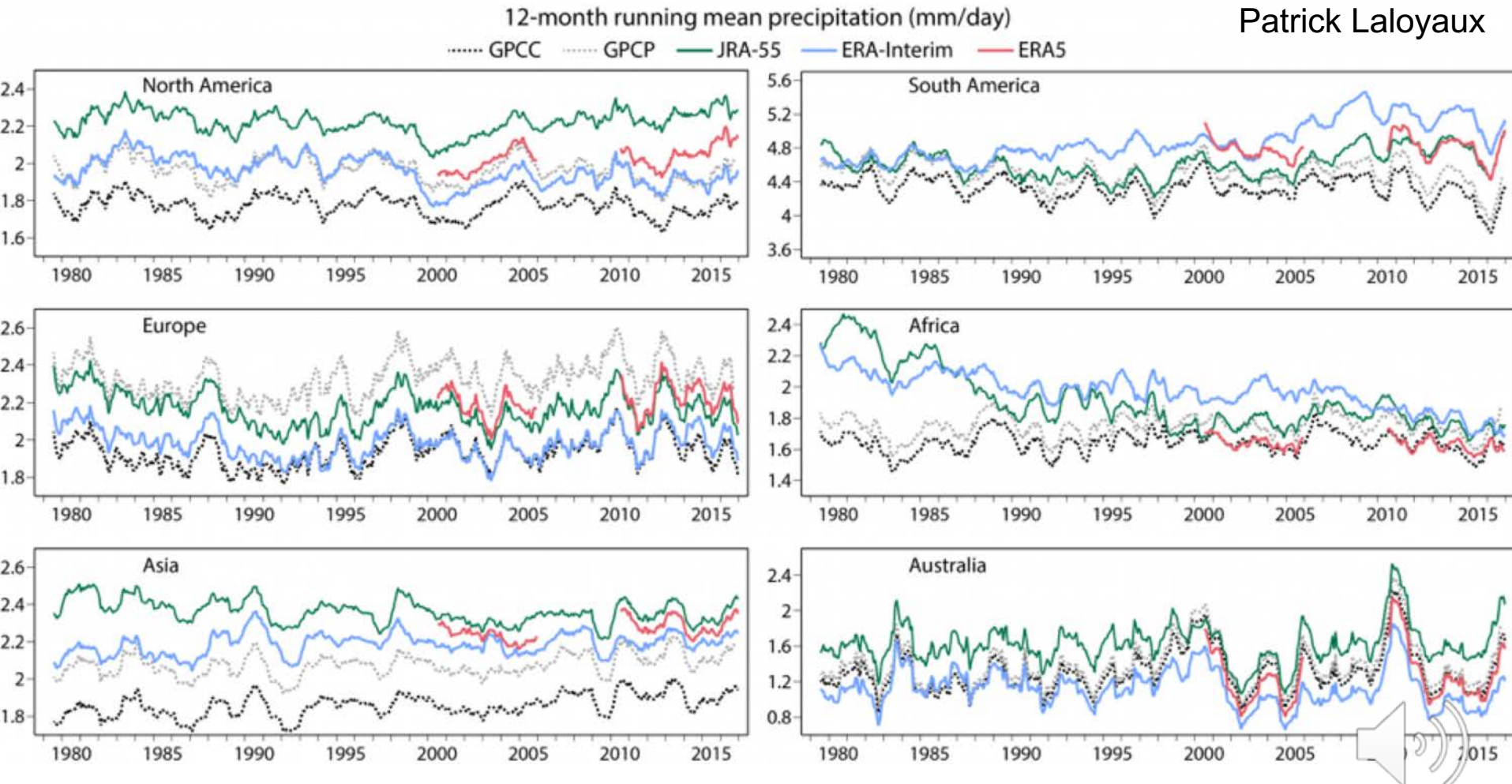
- > GPS-Radio Occulation from CDAAC (Boulder) and Wegener Center (Graz)
- > ERA-Interim cooler than CHAMP RO data until 2007, ERA5 has the same problem
- > JRA55 slightly warmer than RO during CHAMP period
- > Excellent agreement after 2007

Precipitation: Mean 1981-2010

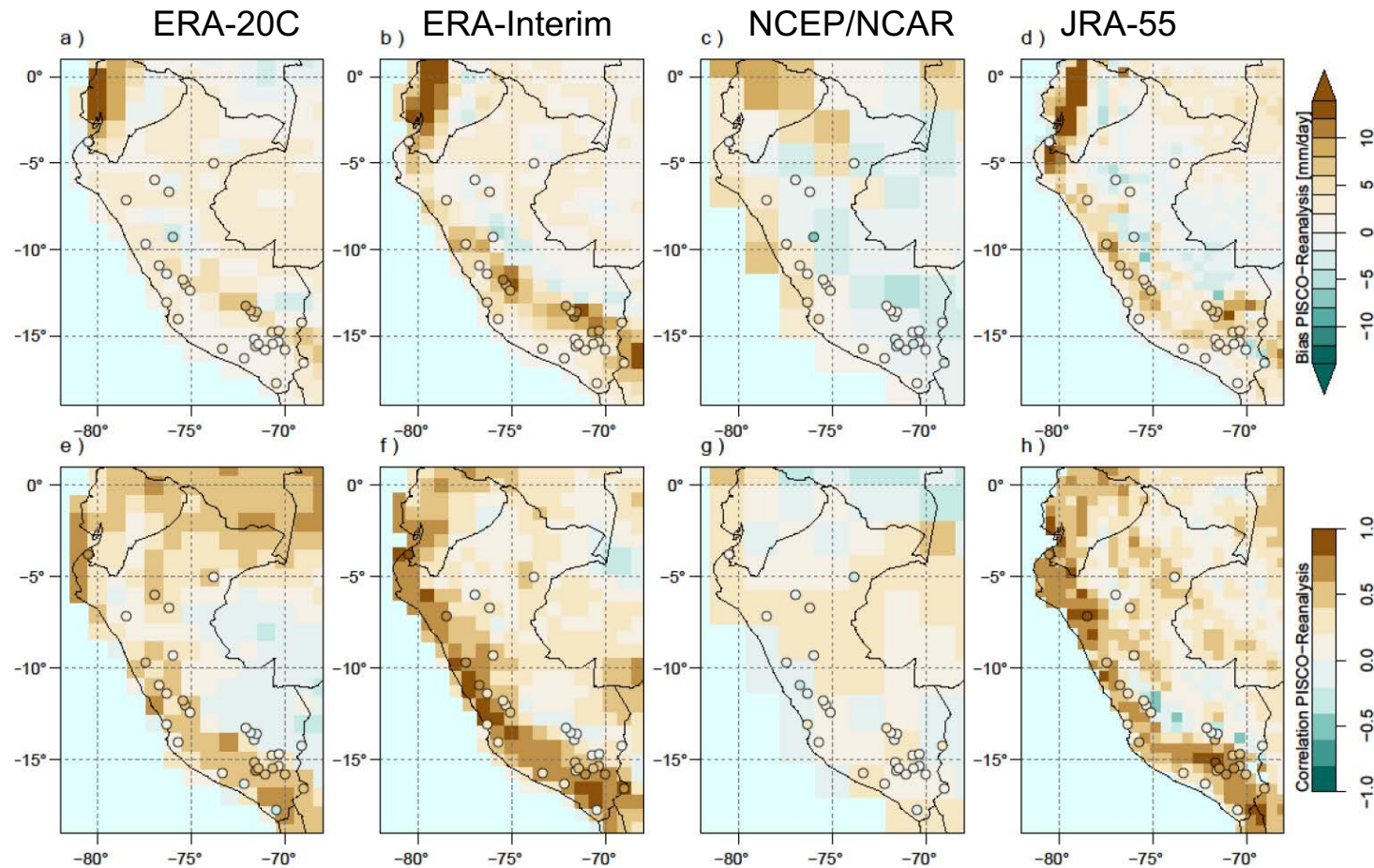


Continental Mean Precipitation

Patrick Laloyaux



Local precipitation

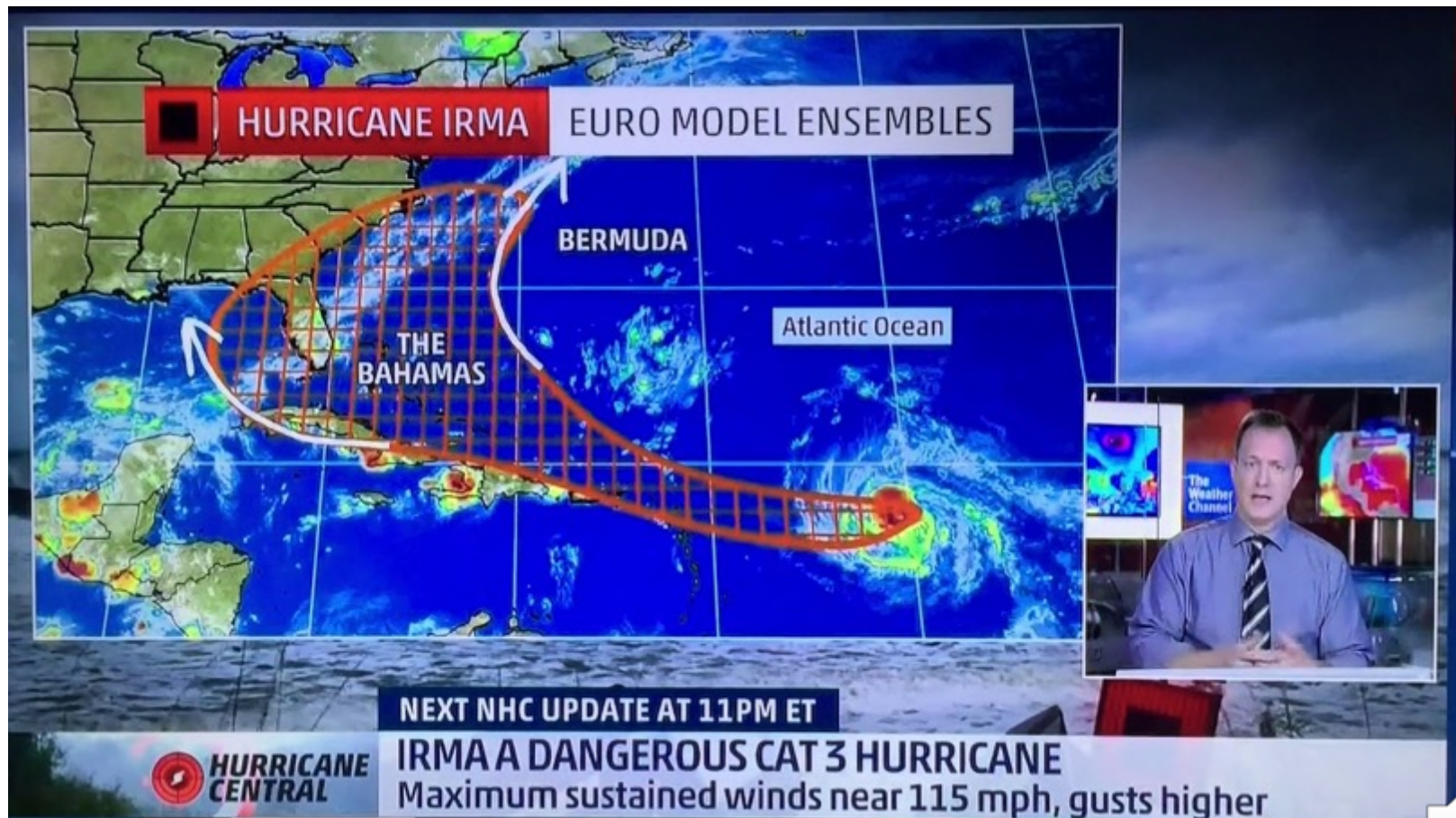


Precipitation

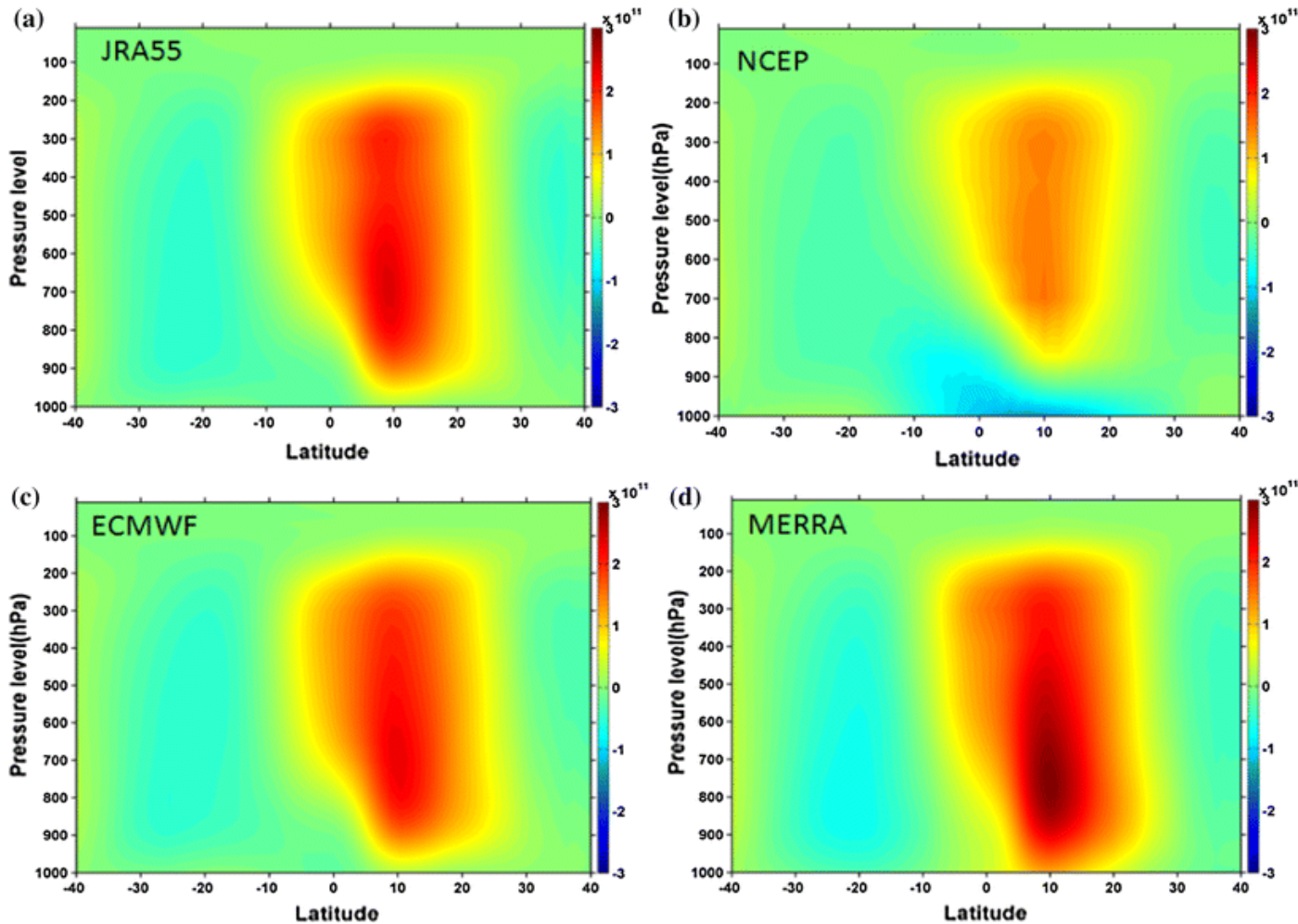
- > How well can we characterize current climate?
Global patterns well captured, local deviations can be large
- > How well can we characterize changes over the instrumental period?
Changes agree well in most (large-scale) regions over the past 40 years
- > How well do reanalyses represent precipitation/water cycle?
Big improvement



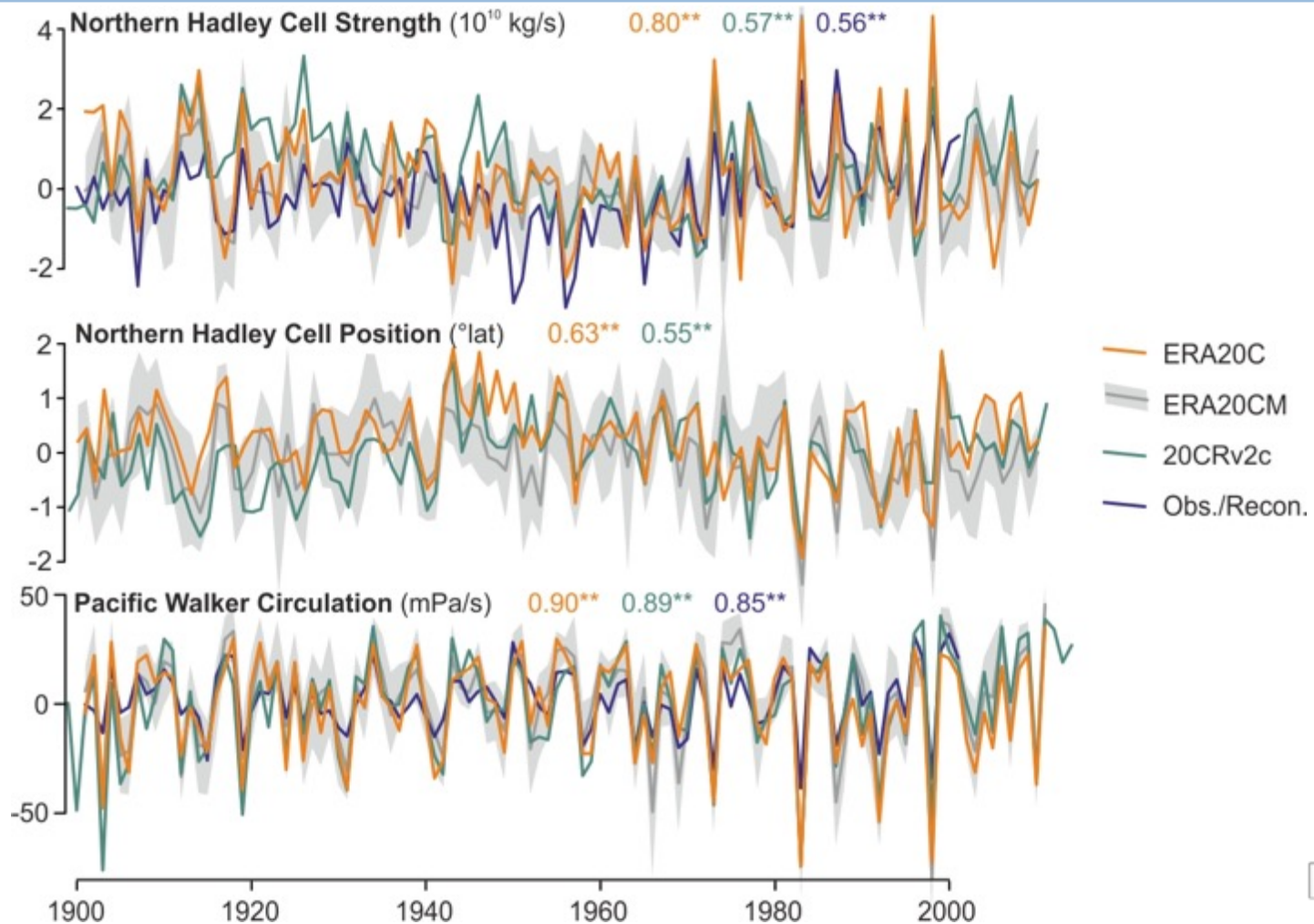
Atmospheric Circulation and Extremes



Zonal mean meridional streamfunction (DJF)



Atmospheric Circulation Indices



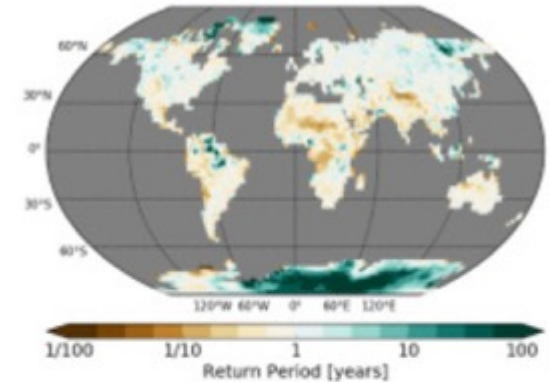
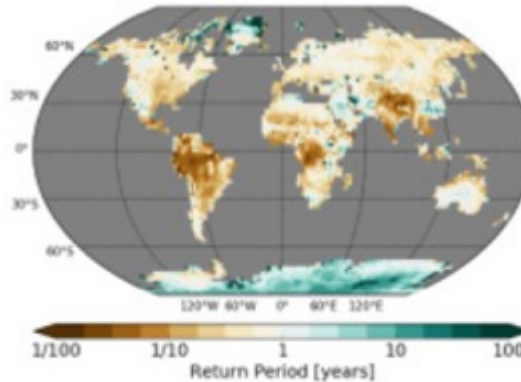
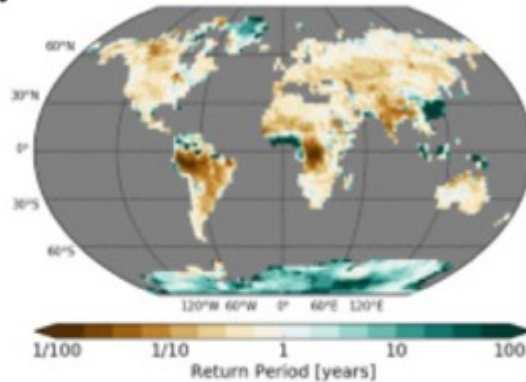
Temperature and Precipitation Extremes

(d) MERRA

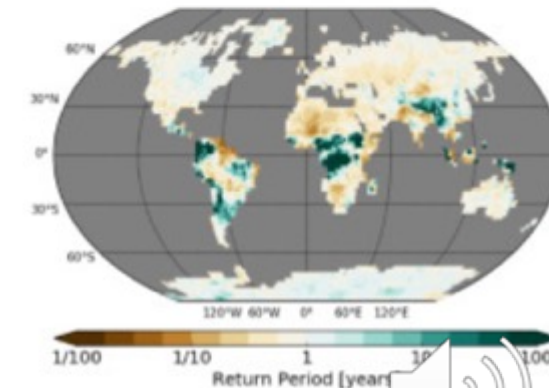
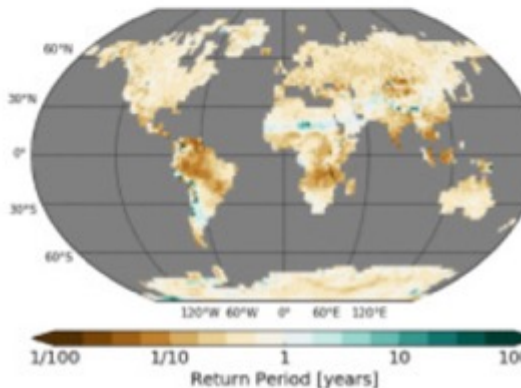
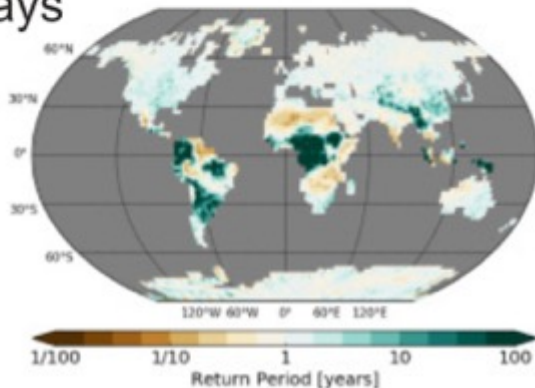
(e) CFSR

(f) JRA55

Hot days

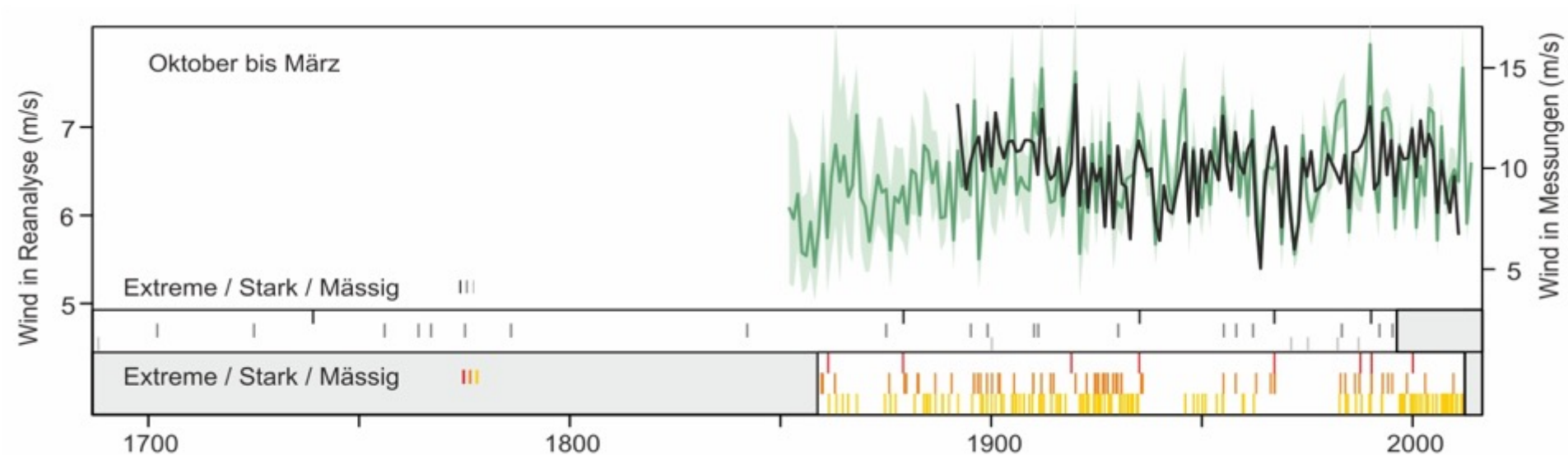


Wet days



Winter wind storms

Winter wind storms (98 percentile) in Zurich/Switzerland



Circulation and extremes

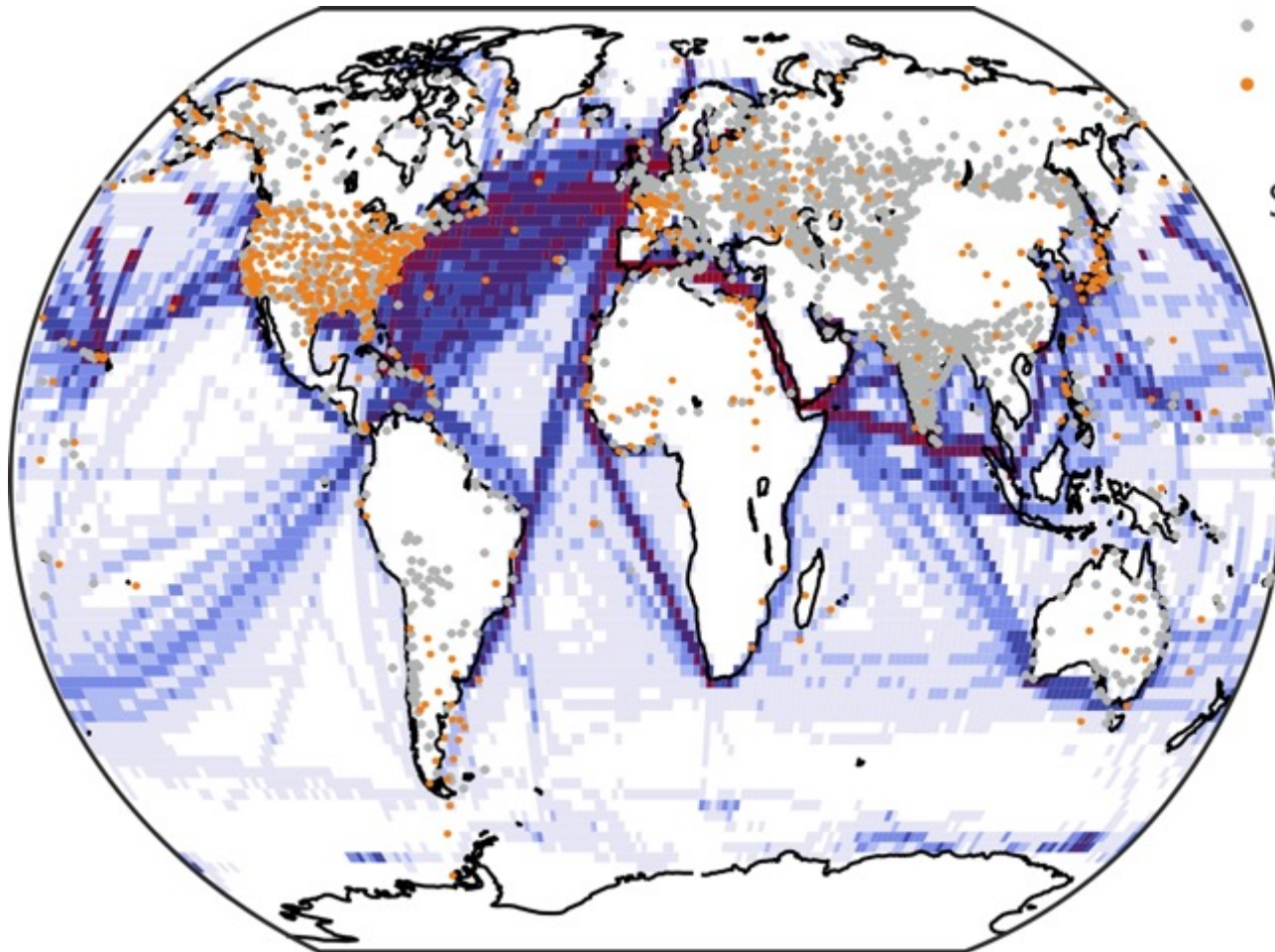
- > How well can we characterize current climate extremes?
Biases may be large
- > How well can we characterize changes over the instrumental period?
Changes not always agree well, variability does
- > How well do reanalyses represent atmospheric circulation/extremes?
Relatively well in «easy» regions, more difficult in others



Climate measurements and society

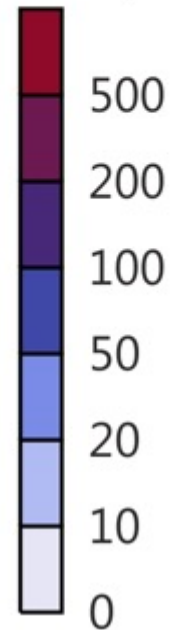


What do you see here?



- Air pressure (ISPDv3.2.9)
- Balloons (CHUAN2.1)

Sea-surface temperature
observations per 2°x2°
(ICOADS3)



Conclusions

- > Characterising current climate as a basis for global change approaches
- > Current climate is well characterised on large-scale for temperature, less well locally for precipitation
- > Some of the trends are well characterised
- > Reanalyses are suitable for some, unsuitable for other applications (they are not observations and they are subject to model biases)
- > Observations are also a societal products

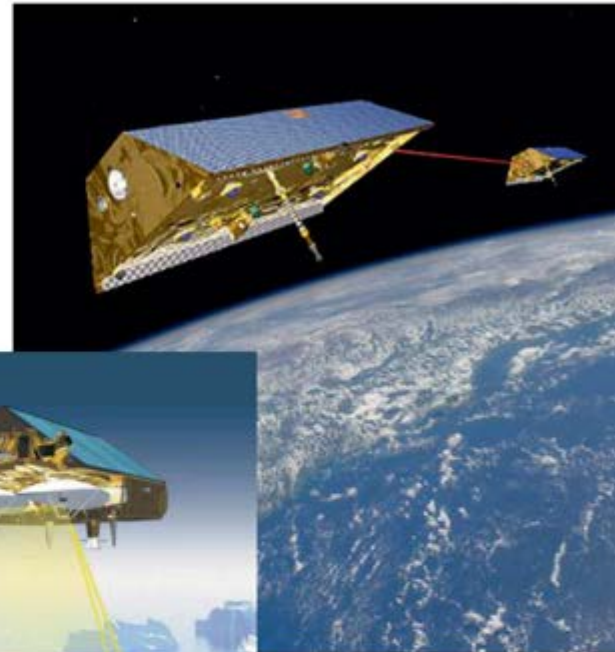
Are we adapted to current climate?



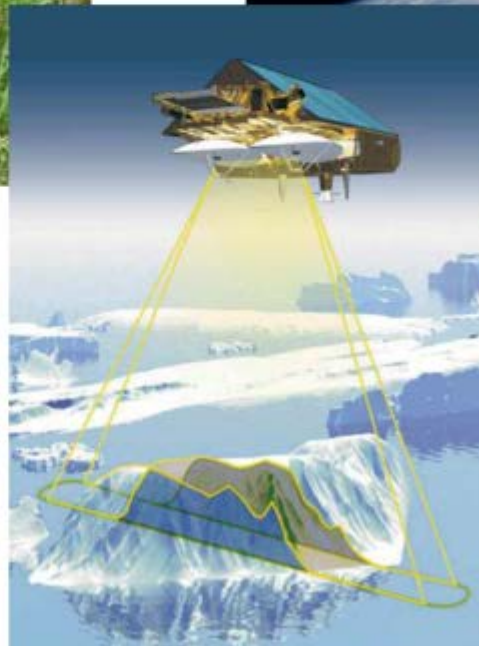
...or climate of our recent (observed) past?



Precipitation



GRACE



CRYOSAT2

Blended products

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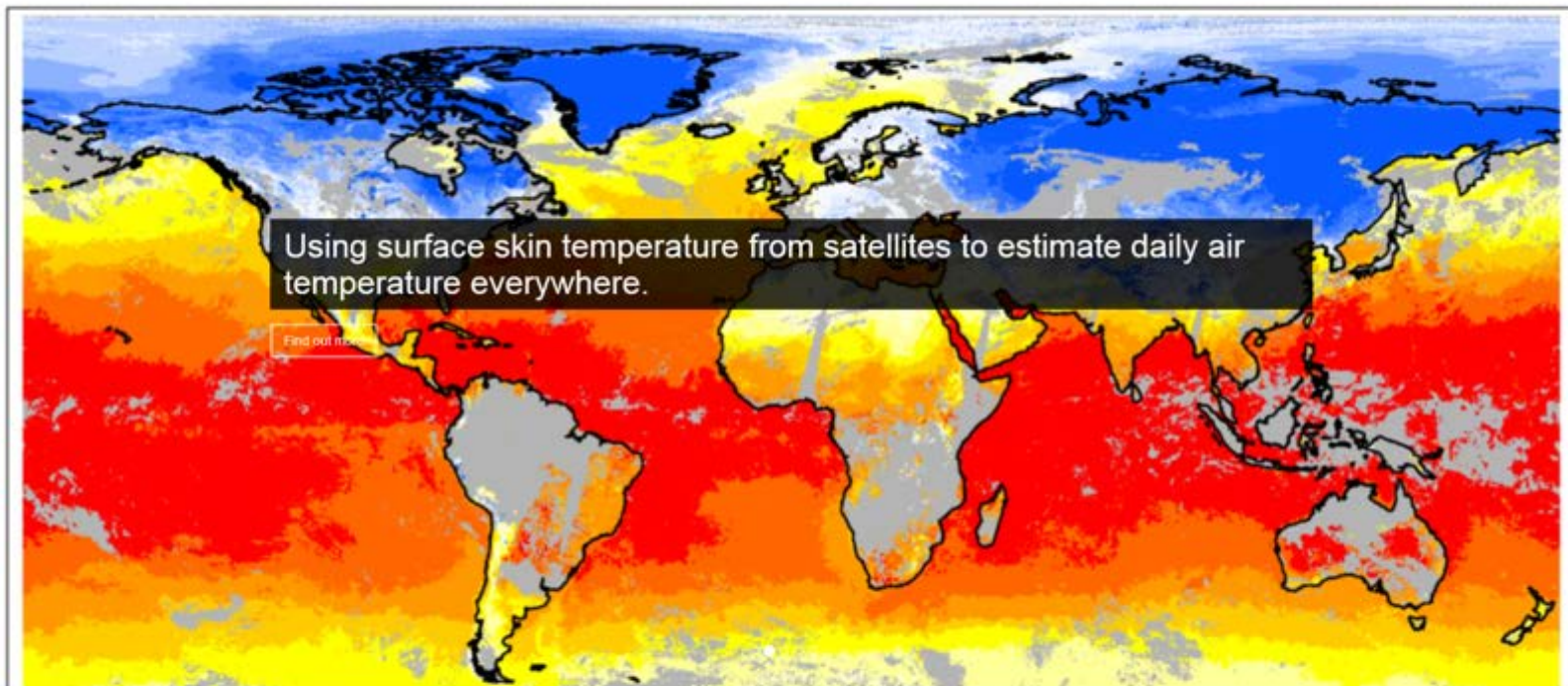
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Creating daily analyses of surface air temperature globally

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EUSTACE has received funding from the European Union's Horizon 2020 Programme for Research and Innovation, under Grant Agreement no. 640171.

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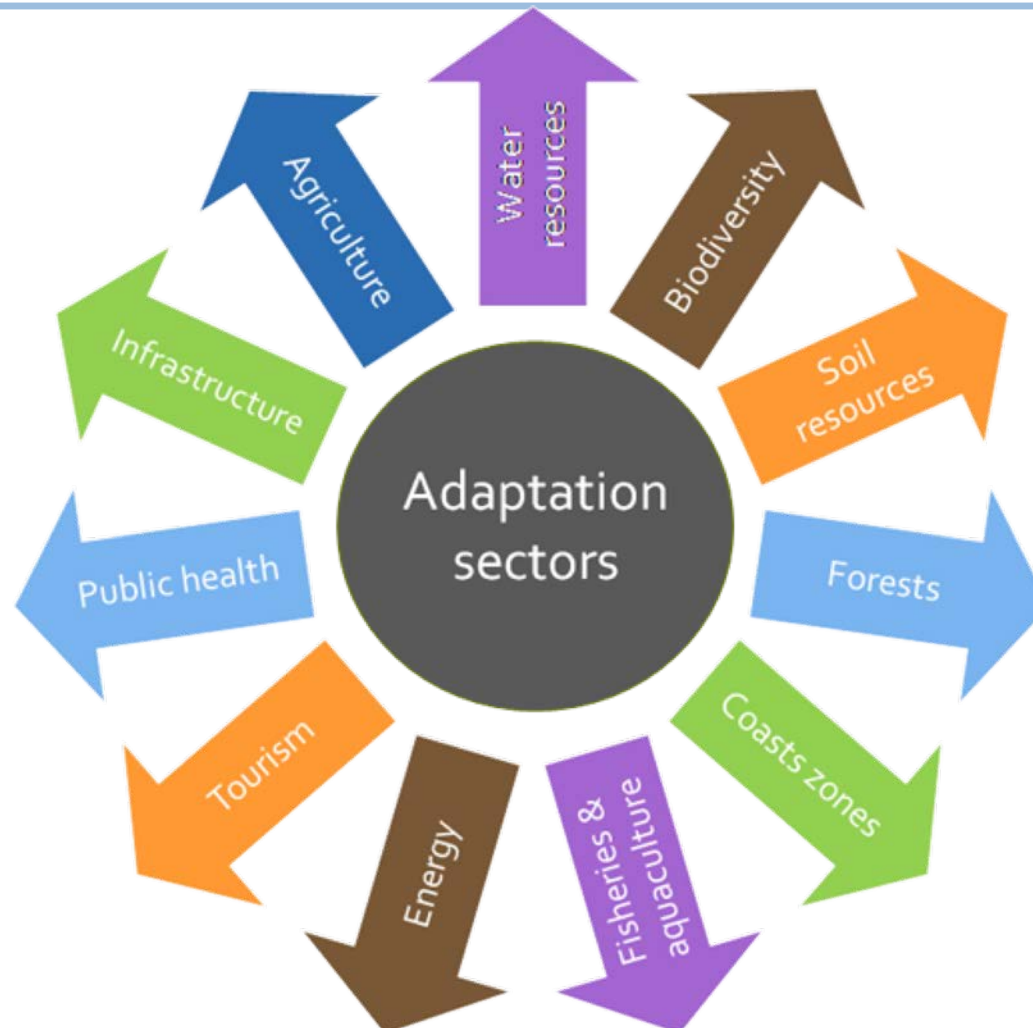
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Climate Change Adaptation

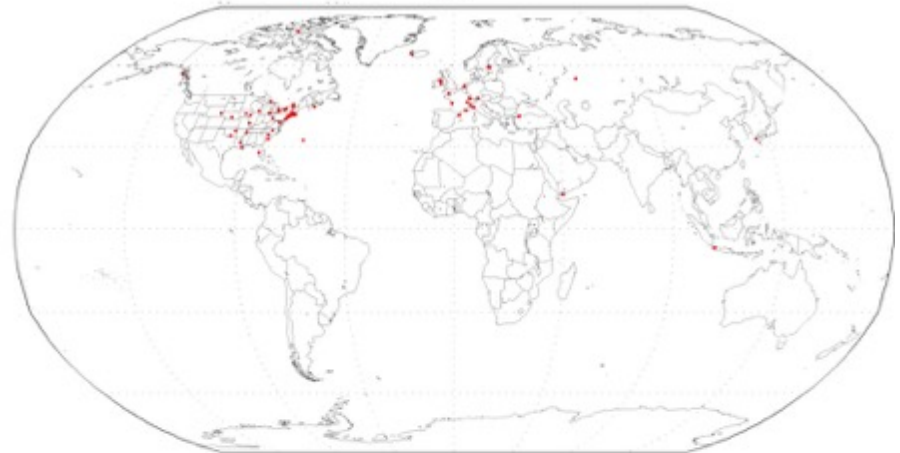


Spatial coverage

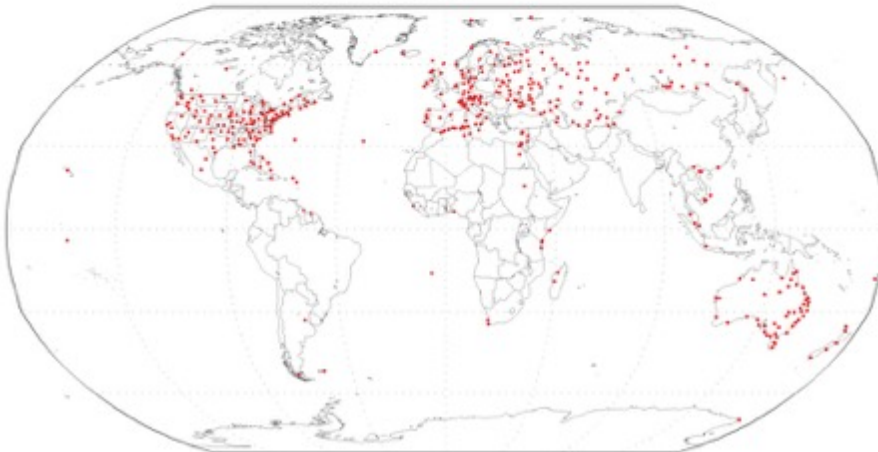
1800



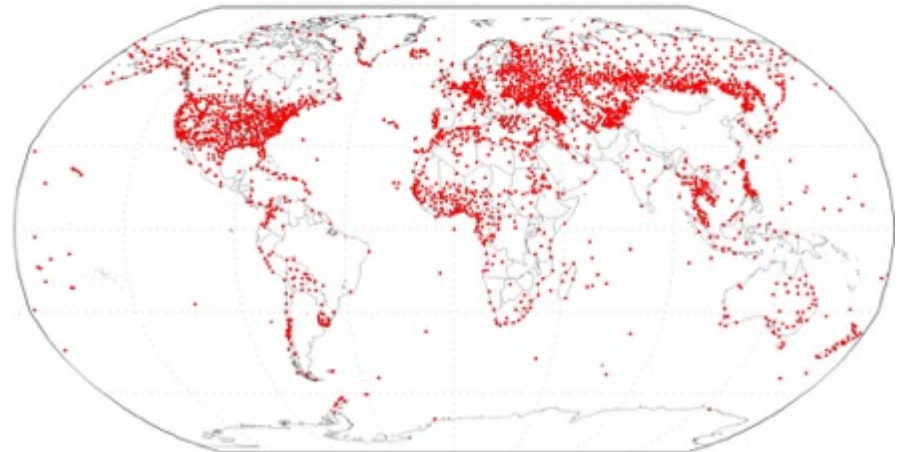
1850



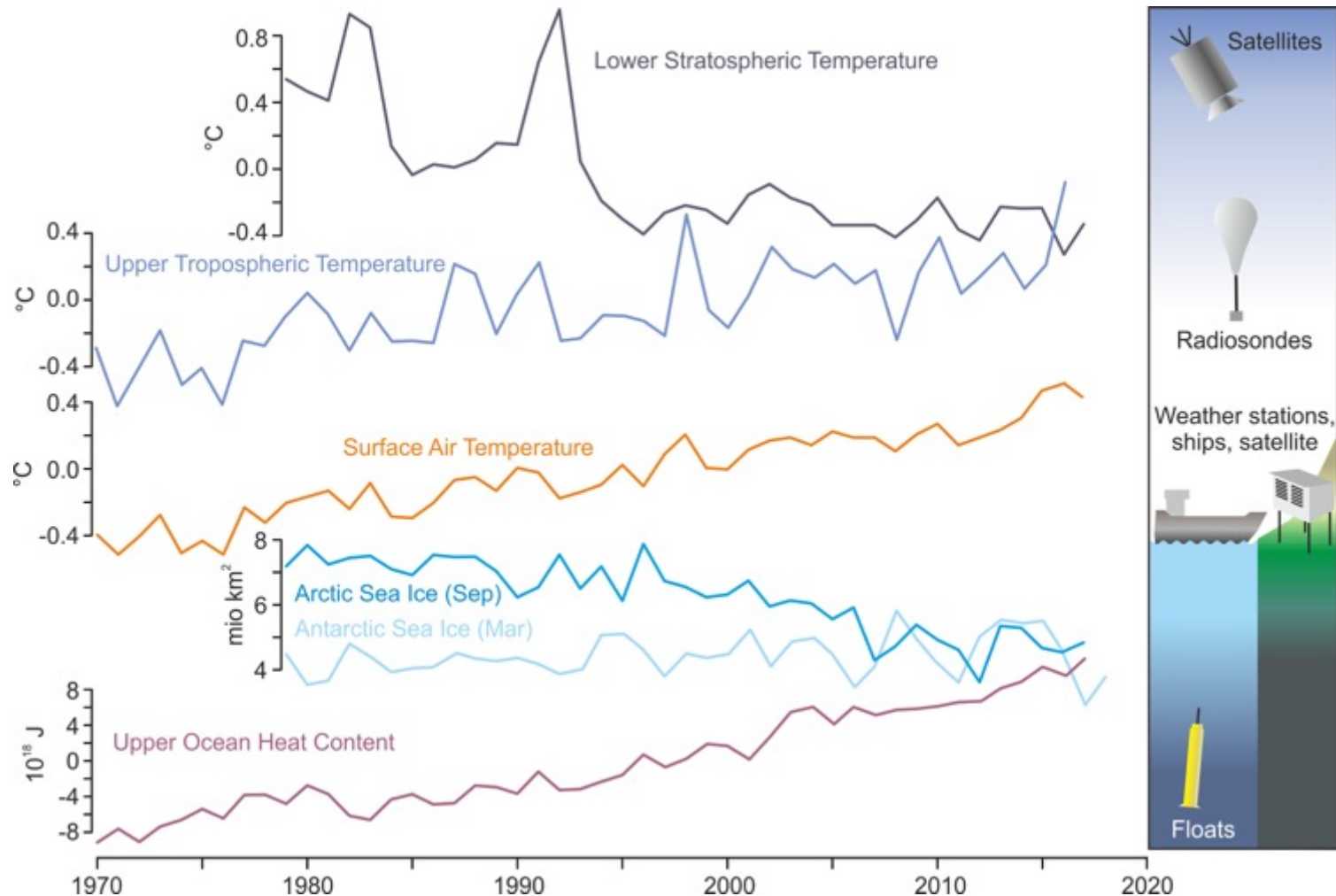
1900



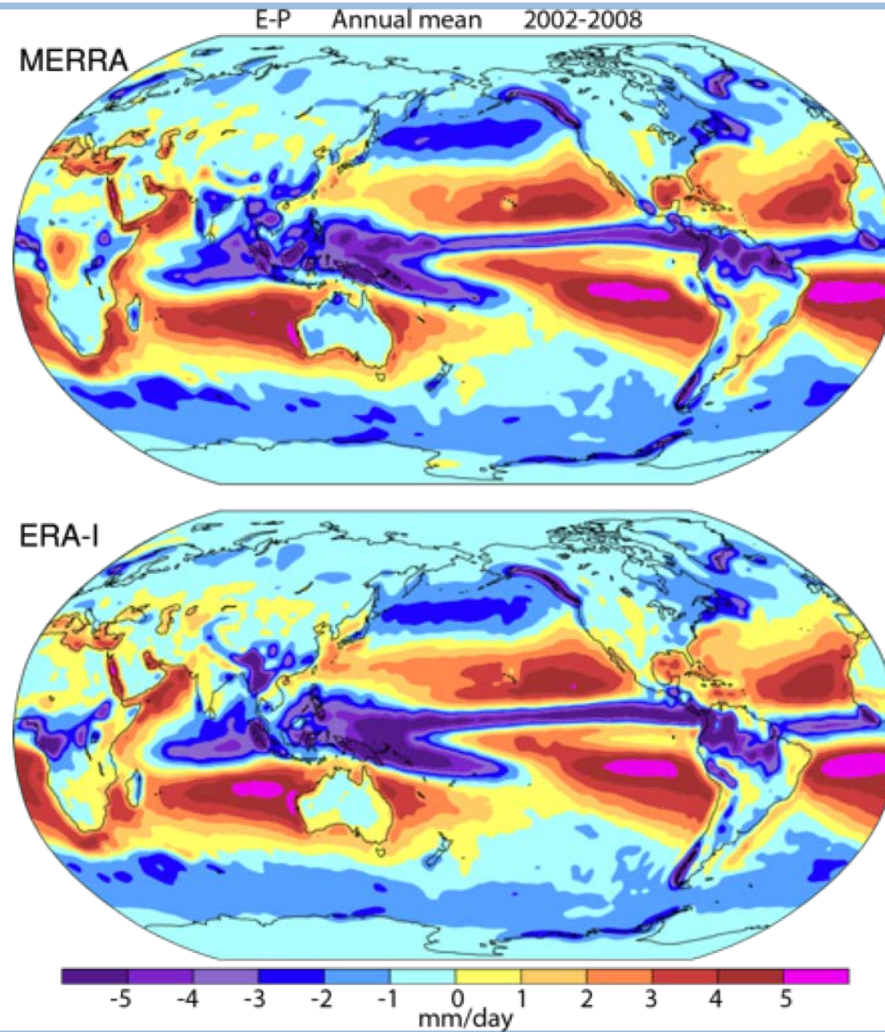
1950



Multiple lines of independent evidence



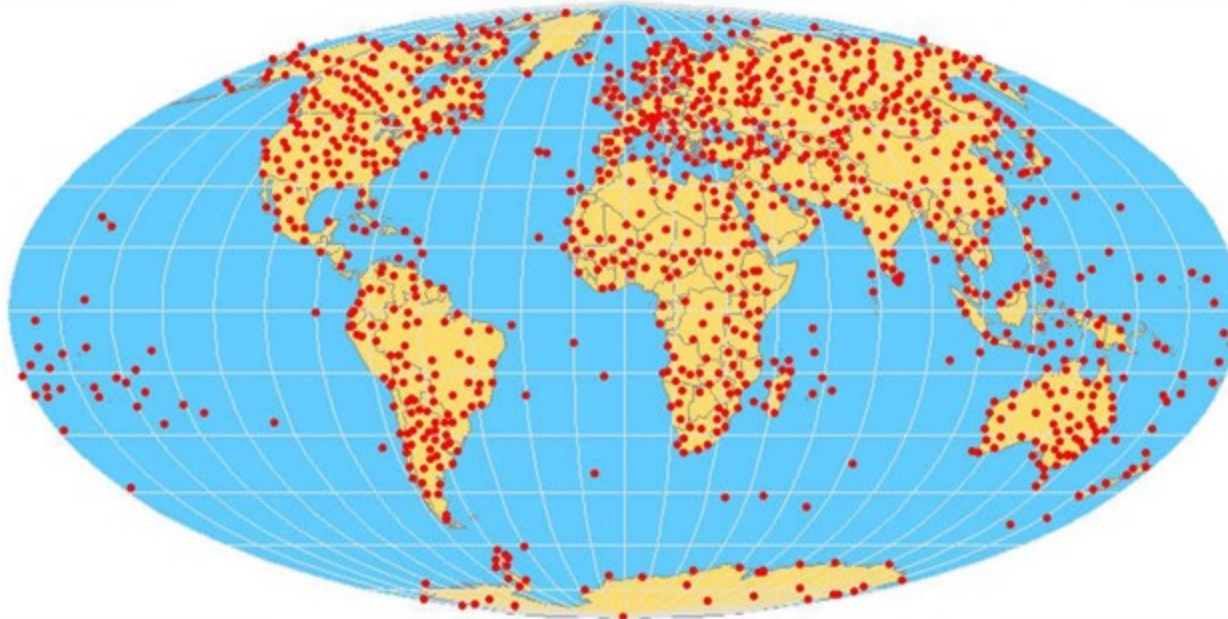
Diagnostics of water cycle: Evaporation minus precipitation



NCAR

Global networks/global data dissemination: A cold-war product?

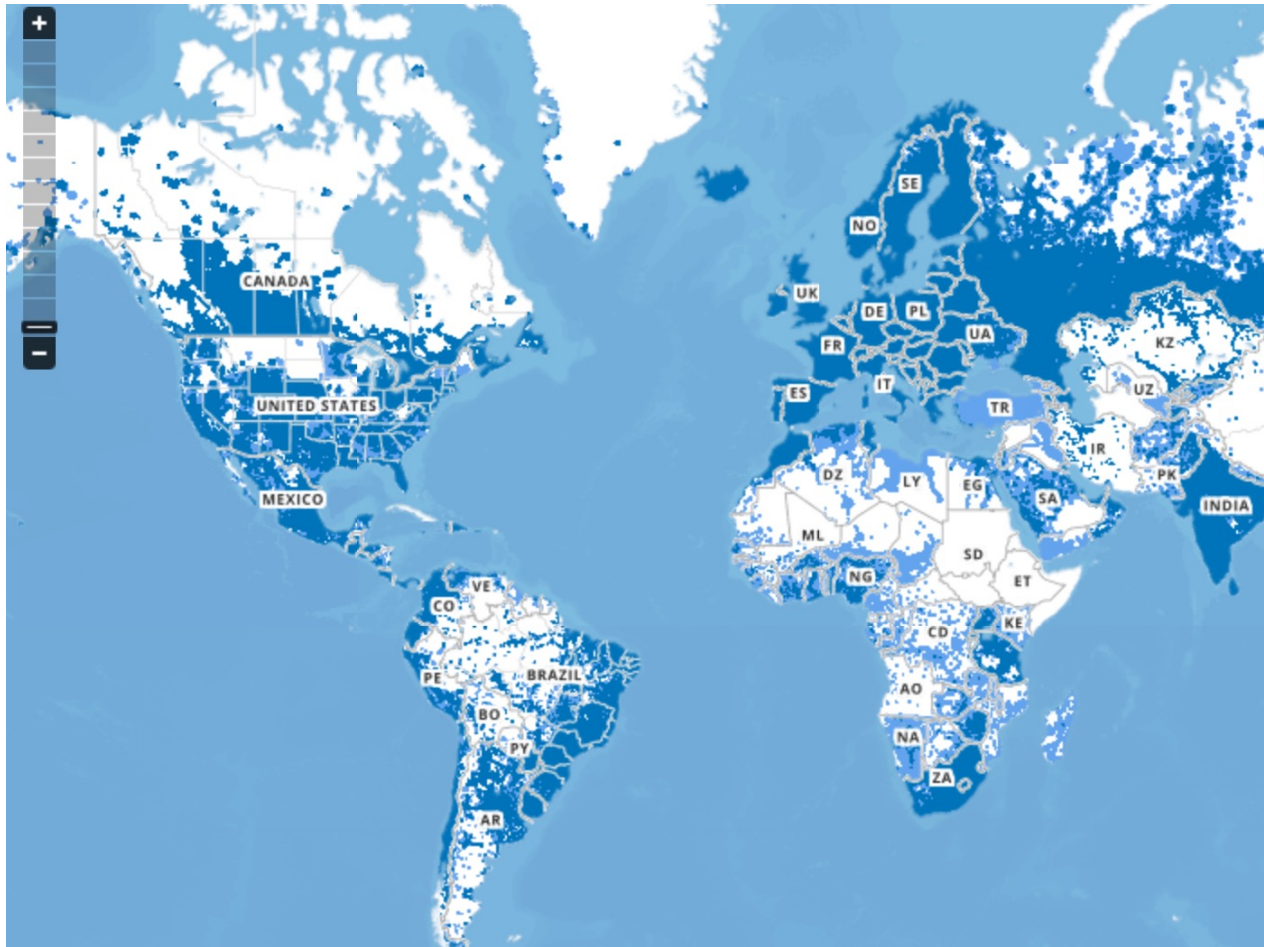
GCOS Atmosphere Networks GCOS Surface Network (GSN)



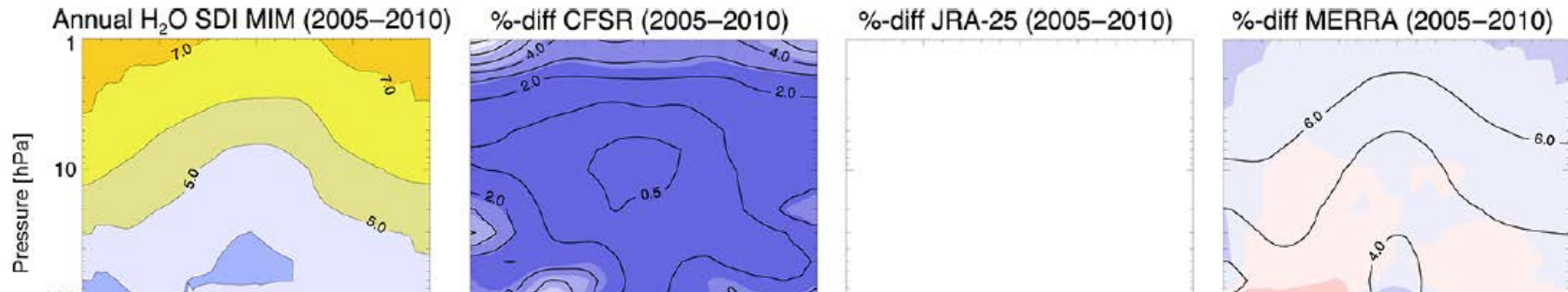
1016 Stations (January 2007)



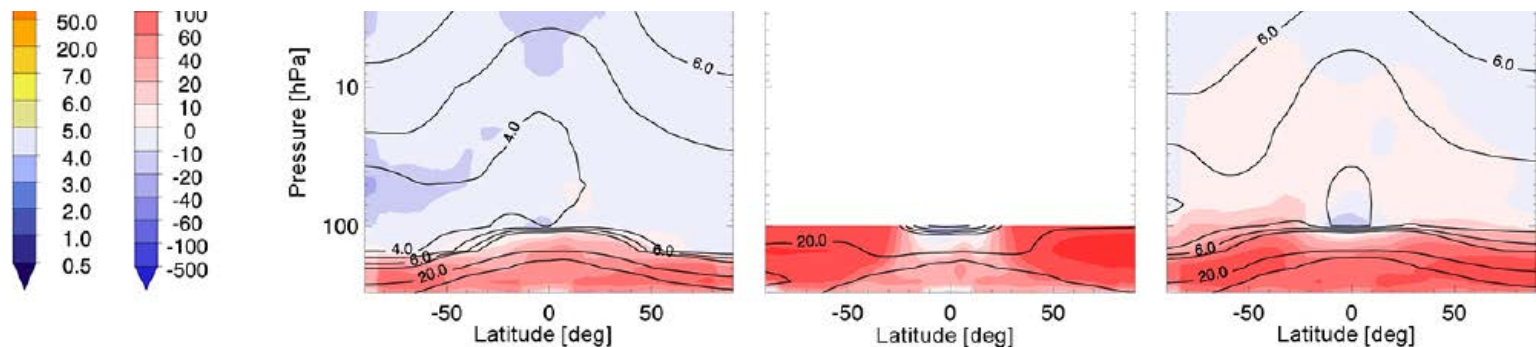
Future Data maps: Global Communication?



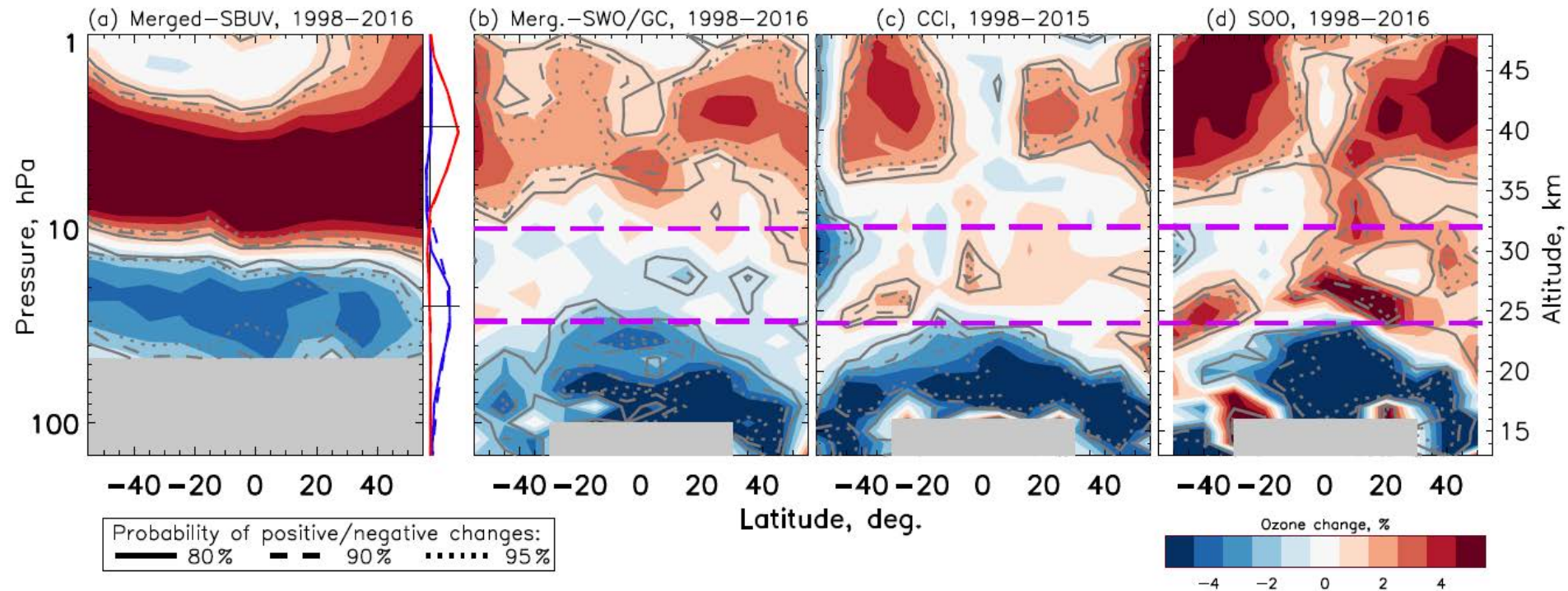
Stratospheric water vapour



stratospheric WV products from the current generation of reanalyses should generally not be used in scientific studies.

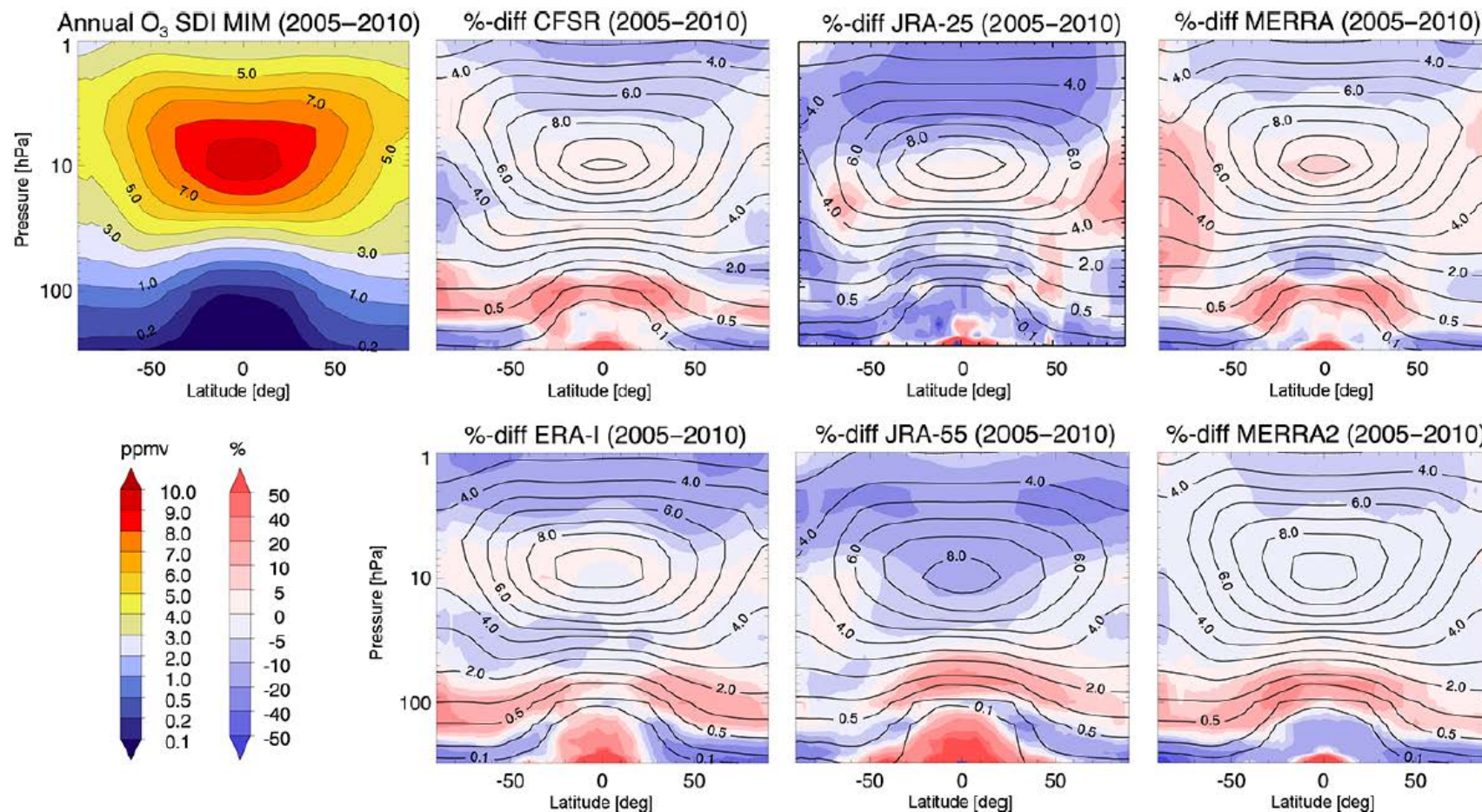


Stratospheric ozone



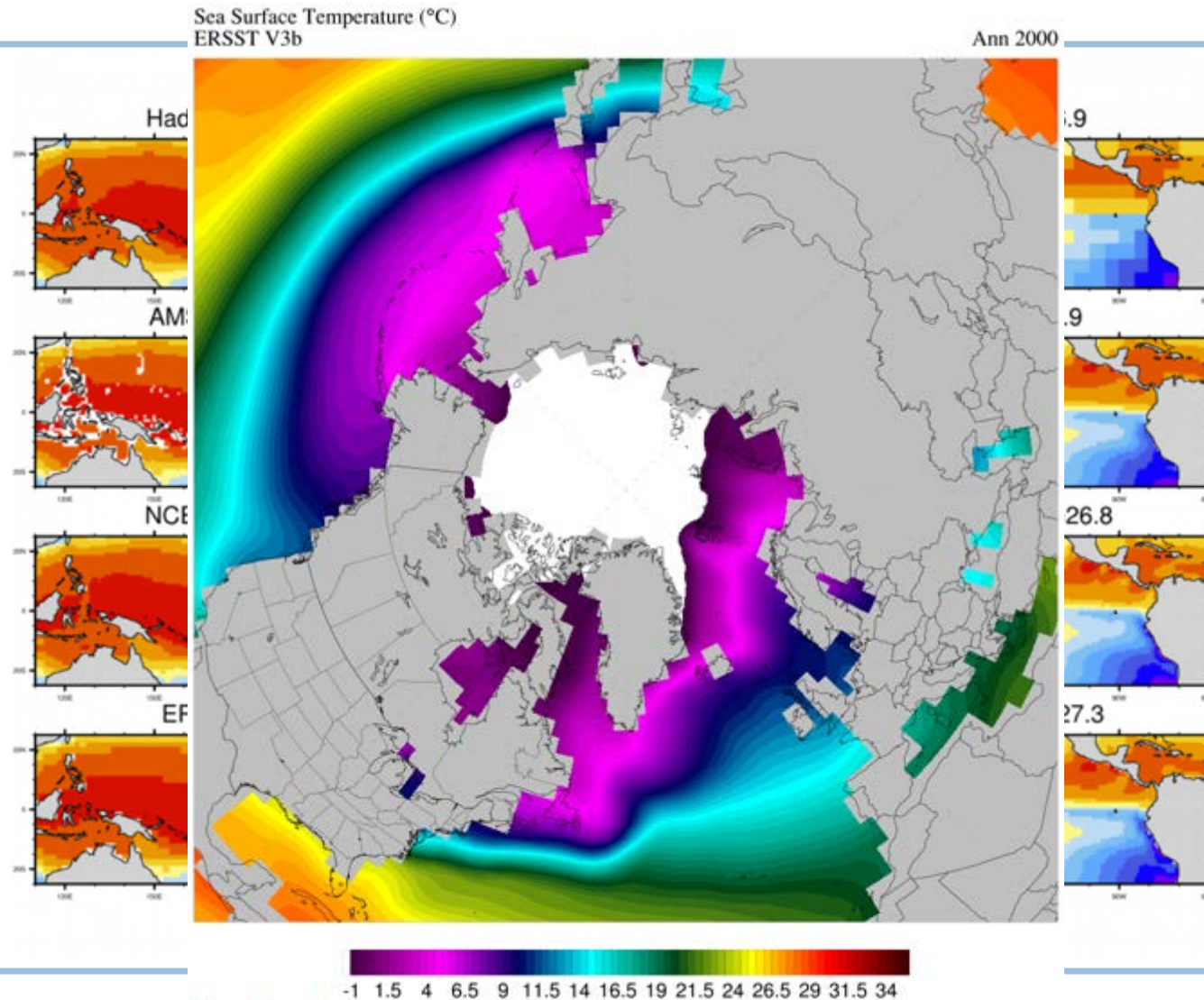
Ball et al. 2018

Stratospheric ozone

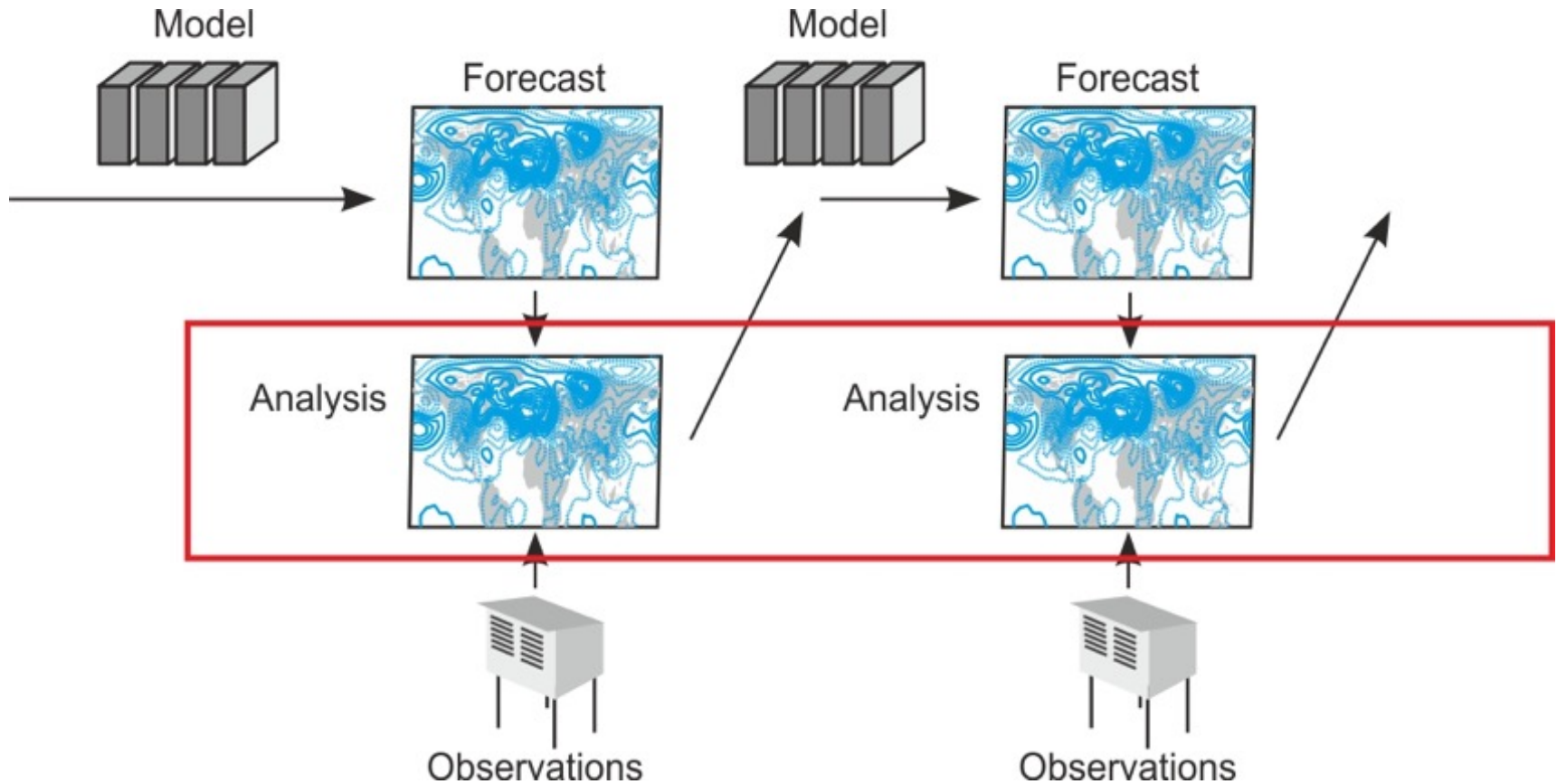


Davis et al. 2017

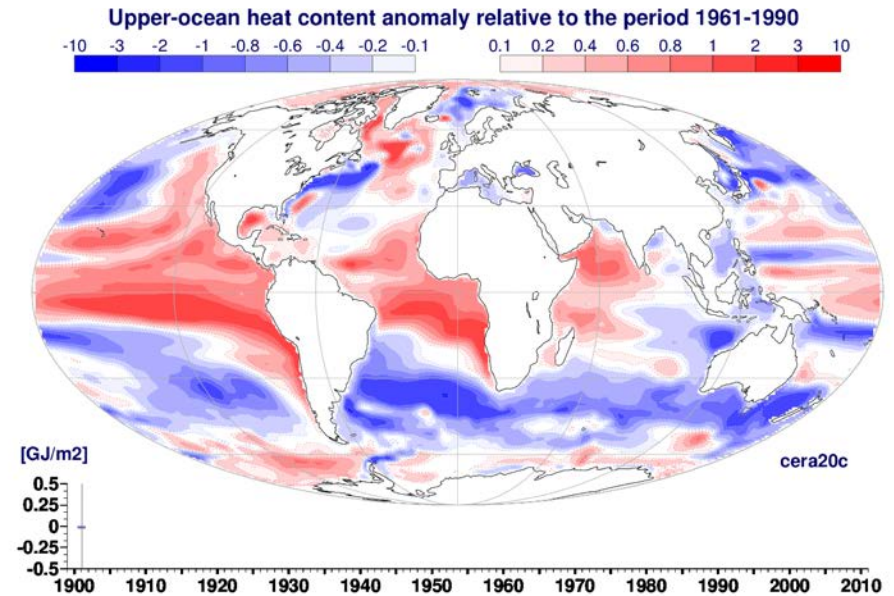
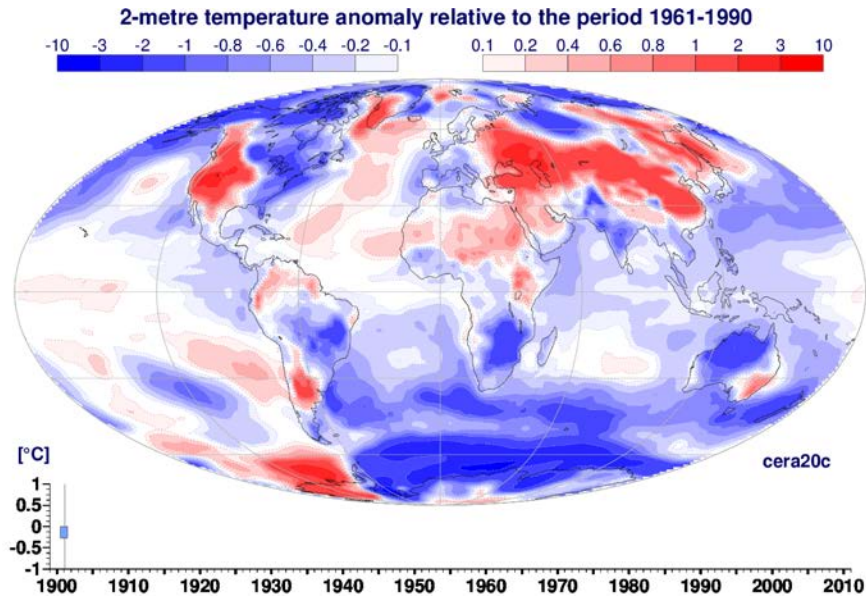
Sea-surface temperature



Reanalysis



CERA-20C



CERA-20C global average temperature anomaly with respect to 1961-1990 period

Patrick Laloyaux